

المراجعة النهائية للصف الاول الثانوى ترم اول ٢٠٢٠  
**بلغة الامتحان** مراجعة على المنهج تم الاعداد بواسطة **مستر محمد فوزى**

**Unit 1**

Ecotourism	السياحة البيئية	lean	/ يميل (ينحني)	brilliant	لامع/ مشرق/ ذكي/ بارع
endangered	مهدد/ معرض للانقراض	swell up	يتورم/ ينفخ	introduce	يقدم
isolated	معزول	trek	يقوم برحلة شاقة	orangutan	انسان الغاب
impact	تأثير/ يؤثر فى	spicy	كثير التوابل (متبل)	develop	يطور/ ينمى
unique	فريد/ لا مثيل له	destination	جهة الوصول	educate	يعلم/ يثقف
Sustainable.	دائم/ مستمر	volunteer	متطوع	limited	محدود
environment	البيئة	peaceful	سلمى/ هادىء	biology	علم الاحياء
materials	المواد	upset	منزعج/ قلق	properly	بشكل ملائم
ecosystem	النظام البيئى	exotic	غريب/ غير عادى	a remote place	اماكن نائية/ بعيدة
conservationist	المحافظ على البيئة	crowded	مزدحم	souvenir	هدية تذكارية

**Unit 2**

admire	يعجب بـ	support	/ يميل (ينحني)	conservation	المحافظة على
iron level	نسبة الحديد فى الدم	benefits	يتورم/ ينفخ	Lion Guardians	حراس الاسود
desire	رغبة - يرغب	community	يقوم برحلة شاقة	achievements	انجازات
generous	كريم	disappear	كثير التوابل (متبل)	donation	التبرع
role model	نموذج يحتذى به	employ	جهة الوصول	health problems	مشاكل صحية
blood pressure	ضغط الدم	persuade	متطوع	responsibility	مسئولية
intelligence	الذكاء	inspire	سلمى/ هادىء	organization	منظمة
donate	يتبرع	donors	منزعج/ قلق	transfusion	نقل دم
long-term	على المدى الطويل	ability	غريب/ غير عادى	income	دخل
transplant	زراعة عضو/ ينقل عضو	success	مزدحم	founder	مؤسس

**Unit 3**

debts	ديون	culture	/ يميل (ينحني)	voluntary	تطوعي
earn	يكسب مال	admit	يعترف بـ	volunteer	متطوع
merchant	تاجر	benefits	فوائد	Youth association	جمعية شباب
owe	يدين بـ	deserve	يستحق	experience	خبرة/ تجرية فى الحياة
miserable	بانس او تيسيس	honest	امين	opportunity	فرصة
plump	يدين بشكل جذاب	reward	يكافىء	criminal	مجرم
prison	سجن	stepfather	زوج الام	childhood	الطفولة
rats	فئران كبيرة	twins	توأم	food bank	بنك الطعام
improve	يحسن	machines	الالات	disable	مهاق
arrange	يرتب	several	عديد	express	يعبر عن

**Unit 4** Mr/Mohamed Fawzi

advice	نصيحة	feel better	يتحسن	scared	خائف
noticeboard	لوحة الاعلانات	relax	يهدأ	nasty	كريه مؤذ
connection	اتصال	friendship	صداقة	fight	يقا تل/ يواجه
bullying	البلطجة	cheat	يغش/ يخدع	debate	مناظرة
a bully	بلطجى	negative	سلبى	join	يلتحق - ينضم ل
take something for granted	ياخذ امر مسلم به	stressful	مجهد	teammate	عضو فريق
stressed	متوتر	personal	شخصى	conversation	صيانه

**Unit 5**

app	تطبيق/ برنامج	communication	اتصال	rus	مضاد للفيروسات
security	امن	internet	الانترنت	click	يضغط على رايطا
smartphone	الهاتف الذكى	technology	التكنولوجيا	furious	شديد الغضب
hack	يخترق	connected	متصل	embarrassing	معرض/ مريبك
security	الامن	malware	برمجيات خبيثة	credit card	بطاقة ائتمان
no longer	لم يعد	cyberbullying	التنمر الالكترونى	account	حساب
driverless	ذاتية القيادة	scam	احتيال/ الغش	employer	صاحب العمل
flexible	مرن	downloading	التحميل من النت	details	تفاصيل
electric	كهربى	uploading	رفع ملفات/ معلومات على النت	strange	غريب
technology	التكنولوجيا	posting photos	نشر الصور	collect	يجمع/ يعرض شخص

**Unit 6**

poet	شاعر	hay	قش/ تبن	suppose	يفترض
poetry	شعر	plot	قطعة ارض	kidnap	يخطف
poem	قصيدة	dig	يحفز/ ينقب	popular	محبوب/ شعبي
novel	رواية	gravel	حصى	gardener	بستاني
lock	يفلق	currant row	من العنب (المجفف)	serious	جاد/ خطير
rhyme	قافية (الشعر) يتناغم	rhythm	الوزن الشعرى	treasure	كنز
literature	الادب	describe	يصف	lawyer	محامى
author	مؤلف	flexible	مرن	pirates	قراصنة
adventure	مغامرة	electric	كهربى	discussion	مناقشة
publish	ينشر	verse	بيت شعر	consider	يفكر

**Vocabulary**

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

- There are many ..... animals in the world, which we need to save.  
 a. dangerously      b. dangerous      c. danger      d. endangered
- Some animals live in very ..... parts of the world and people never see them.  
 a. insulated      b. isolated      c. left      d. deserted
- The tourist industry has had a big ..... on the local town.  
 a. affect      b. impact      c. depend      d. effective
- The natural world around us is the .....  
 a. government      b. earth      c. environment      d. weather
- It is important to only use local ..... when building an eco-hotel.  
 a) contents      b) materials      c) elements      d) items

- 6 The Komodo dragon is . . . . . to Indonesia. It doesn't live anywhere else.  
a. antique      b. boutique      c. unique      d. plaque
- 7 . . . . . is for people who want a holiday which respects the environment.  
a. ecosystem      b. economy      c. ecstasy      d. ecotourism
- 8 We need to be sure that tourism here is . . . . . otherwise people will stop coming.  
a. sustenance      b. sustainable      c. sustain      d. unsustainable
- 9-On our last holiday, we . . . . . for three days through the rainforest. It was hard!  
a-ticked      b-tricked      c-trekked      d-tracked
- 10-Your arm can . . . . . up when a mosquito bites you.  
a) swallow      b) swell      c) extend      d) refresh
- 11-We went on a boat trip. I was . . . . . out of the boat to touch the fish!  
a. training      b. leaning      c. loaning      d. hiring
- 12-Ahmad wants to be a . . . . . to protect animals and plants.  
a) Ecotourist      b) physiatrist      c) conservationist      d) psychiatrist
- 13-My dad loves Mexican food but it's too . . . . . for me  
a-spice      b-specify      c-spiky      d-spicy
- 14-I have a lot of homework to do and I'm . . . . . here at home doing it.  
a. shock      b. suck      c. struck      d. stuck
- 15- People . . . . . the famous player for his bravery and intelligence.  
a) checked      b) admired      c) donated      d) reduced
- 16- My uncle is very . . . . . He always buys me a big present when he visits me.  
a) ambitious      b) injured      c) stingy      d) generous
- 17- The concert organizers say they will . . . . . all profits to charity.  
a) donate      b) steal      c) support      d) call
- 18- Before the operation, a nurse should check the blood . . . . . of the patient.  
a. pressure      b. treasure      c. measure      d. pleasure
- 19- My neighbour is kind and brave, he is a/an . . . . . to everyone in the area.  
a) role model      b) example      c) essential      d) scale model
- 20- My sister has a strong . . . . . to be a doctor. That's why she always works so hard.  
a) intelligence      b) request      c) desire      d) health
- 23-Mohammed Salah has a . . . . . agreement to play for his team.  
a) full-term      b) half-term      c) short-term      d) long-term
- 24-For 17 years, a 52-year-old man waited in vain for a kidney . . . . .  
a. transport      b. transform      c. transplant      d. transfer
- 25-Grandpa was . . . . . injured in the war.  
a) bad      b) worse      c) badly      d) well
- 26- A . . . . . is someone who guards or protects something.  
a) gardener      b) defender      c) guardian      d) hunter
- 27- The country needs a leader who can . . . . . its citizens.  
a. inspire      b. aspire      c. conspire      d. earn
- 28- The organization is based . . . . . Kenya  
a. for      b. on      c. at      d. in
- 29- Patients who are given the new drug will be asked to . . . . . their progress.  
a) monitor      b) lose      c) attack      d) achieve
- 30-Nora looked . . . . . when her husband died last year.  
a) miserable      b) death      c) empty      d) hard
- 31-Footballers often . . . . . a lot of money.  
a) win      b) gain      c) work      d) earn
- 32- He had enough money to pay off his father's . . . . .  
a) money      b) jobs      c) debts      d) doubts

- 33- After my business failed, I . . . . . a lot of money to the bank.  
a) owed      b) owned      c) arranged      d) borrowed
- 34- Hany was sent to . . . . . for attacking a man with a knife..  
a) palace      b) factory      c) prison      d) hotel
- 35- My baby sister never stops eating! She is . . . . . , healthy and happy!  
a) bump      b) plump      c) dumb      d) thumb
- 36- Youth . . . . . is a group of young people who do things together.  
a) association      b) federation      c) participation      d) dream
- 37-Business is one of the major forces in modern . . . . .  
a) dream      b) structure      c) character      d) culture
- 38- . . . . . is People who live in a place or an area and have common interests  
a) opportunity      b) community      c) character      d) lucky
- 39 There are very few of these kinds of turtles now, they are . . . . .  
A safe      B isolated      C endangered      D dangerous
- 40 We all . . . . . Mohamed Salah because he is polite and generous.  
A hate      B respect      C discourage      D avoid
- 41 I always try to . . . . . food and clothes to my local charity.  
A sell      B want      C owe      D donate
- 42 I passed the exam! I'm over the . . . . .  
A moon      B ground      C sky      D earth
- 43 Tourism is . . . . . when we protect touristic places.  
A crowded      B sustainable      C unique      D noisy
- 44-Years ago, my father gave me a piece of . . . . . that I've never forgotten.  
a) advice      b) connection      c) noticeboard      d) article
- 45- The coach put the list of players up on the . . . . . before the match.  
a) lecture      b) advice      c) blackboard      d) noticeboard
- 46-I never work at the weekends. I just took it for . . . . .  
a) greeted      b) granted      c) graded      d) grunted
- 47-There is a . . . . . between pollution and the death of trees.  
a) communication      b) contact      c) connection      d) collection
- 48-When I feel . . . . . , I try to relax in an open area.  
a) happy      b) glad      c) pleased      d) stressed
- 49-This TV set should be . . . . . to the power supply.  
a) contacted      b) connected      c) related      d) communicated
- 50 . . . . . is not allowed at this school and we want all our students to feel safe.  
a) Nursing      b) Bullying      c) Cheating      d) Copying
- 51-Karim's new smartphone has got a lot of . . . . .  
a) caps      b) apes      c) abs      d) apps
- 52-The . . . . . of our passengers is very important to us on all our flights.  
a) priority      b) business      c) security      d) minority
- 53-Modern . . . . . makes transferring money much easier than it used to be.  
a) technology      b) hack      c) experience      d) heating
- 54-In our company, there is good . . . . . between the various departments..  
a) convention      b) conduct      c) contract      d) communication
- 55-The company lost a lot of money. They think that their computer system was . . . . .  
a) looked      b) researched      c) checked      d) hacked
- 56- . . . . . software that is intended to damage or disable computers and computer systems.  
a-Programme      b-tableware      c -Welfare      d- Maleware
- 57- My sisters like taking photos on their holidays, and spend all their time . . . . . them online  
a - downloading      b - loading      c - uploading      d - overloading

- 58- When I The email says I have won a prize, but I don't believe it. I think it's a -----  
 a - scan                      b -scar                      c - scam                      d - span
- 59 The email looked like it came from my bank but it was an example of.....  
 a) Downloading                      b) Phishing                      c) Locking                      d) Uploading
- 60-You need to update your ..... software regularly to look for and  
 remove viruses on your computer.  
 a) malware                      b) antivirus                      c) antibiotic                      d) antibodies
- 61-.....is sending messages online to frighten or worry someone.  
 a) Downloading                      b) Clicking                      c) Uploading                      d)Cyberbullying
- 62- Choose the image you want by.....twice on it.  
 a) clicking                      b) downloading                      c) uploading                      d) selecting
- 63-I don't like this music. It doesn't have any.....  
 a-verse                      b-rhyme                      c-rhythm                      d-poem
64. Stevenson is best known for his .....like kidnapped and treasure island.  
 a - poems                      b - poetry                      c - plays                      d - novels
65. A .....is someone who writes poems -  
 a - journalist                      b - poet                      c - novelist                      d - playwright
66. ....is small stones , used to make a surface for paths , roads , etc.  
 a - Marvel                      b - Gravel                      c - Bravery                      d - Rock
67. My grandfather always has lots of carrots from his vegetable.....  
 a - blog                      b - spot                      c - block                      d - plot
68. A .....row is a line of plants that have small fruits.  
 a - current                      b - currant                      c - carrot                      d - curl
69. Children love ..... in the sand on the beach.  
 a. dogging                      b. knocking                      c. drilling                      d. digging
70. In winter, farmers sometimes give their sheep ..... to eat.  
 a. meat                      b. hay                      c. fruits                      d. pizza
71. we spent much time in the street as he.....the door and lost the keys.  
 a. looked                      b. locked                      c. lacked                      d. leaked
72. Gold, silver and money hidden in a place is .....  
 a - pleasure                      b - treasure                      c - pressure                      d - measure
- 73- Could you.....me a favour and tell Ali about the problem?  
 a) make                      b) give                      c) take                      d) do
- 74-There is always a lot of ..... before you can go on a plane.  
 A bullying                      B security                      C malware                      D calm
- 75- Most people take clean water for..... , but not all places have it.  
 A granted                      B given                      C having                      D done
- 76- Your computer ..... is very easy to guess: it's 1, 2, 3, 4!  
 A app                      B software                      C virus                      D password
- 77- You will find information about the sports club on the school .....  
 A communication                      B connection                      C noticeboard                      D notice
- 78- Before you plant a tree, you'll need to ..... a hole.  
 A dig                      B get                      C take                      D want
- 79 There will soon be the ..... for us to all travel in cars without drivers.  
 A speed                      B technology                      C scientist                      D model
- 80 The email said it was from a bank, but we all knew it was really a.....  
 A software                      B lock                      C scam                      D hack
- 81-A novel is a long written.....  
 A article                      B history                      C novel                      D poem
- 82-The beach was really ..... , so we couldn't find a place to sit.  
 A beautiful                      B exotic                      C crowded                      D isolated
- 83-The police..... the young man of stealing the money.  
 A accused                      B thanked                      C excused                      D rewarded
- 84-The tennis player..... is for doing a lot of voluntary work.  
 A admired                      B not respected                      C interested                      D disliked
- 85-The Galapagos Islands in Ecuador are famous for the..... animals such as  
 the turtles which live there.  
 A unknown                      B unique                      C wild                      D huge

## Grammar

### The past simple tense الماضي البسيط

#### 1-Form التكوين

يتكون الماضي البسيط من ( التصريف الثانى للفعل ) بإضافة ed أو ied للفعل إذا كان فعل عادي ( منتظم )  
 played / help - helped

أما إذا كان فعل شاذ ( غير منتظم ) يحفظ مثل see - saw / go - went / have - had.

#### 2-Usage الاستخدام

#### نستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن:

١. حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي.

E.g. I played football yesterday. I was in Alexandria a month ago.

عادة في الماضي (غالبا مع كلمة "used to" والتي معناها "اعتاد أن").

E.g. When I was in Paris, I used to play (played) tennis.

الإحظة: يمكن ان يستخدم مع كلمات المضارع البسيط ليبدل على عادة (Always- often- never-usually/every..... فى الماضى)

E.g. When he was a child, he walked to school everyday.

➤ I always ate breakfast before I went to school.

٢. الاحداث التى حدثت تباعا واحدا تلو الاخر فى الماضى ليس هناك فارق زمنى.

E.g. First, he paid the taxi, then he got out of the taxi.

Yesterday, I went to the club and met my friends.

٦- ويستخدم الماضي البسيط مع التعبيرات الاتية حالة وجود فاعل

1- I wish + ماضى بسيط + فاعل

➤ I wish Hany studied hard.

2- It's (high)time + ماضى بسيط + فاعل

➤ It's time she studied English.

3- I would rather + ماضى بسيط + فاعل

➤ I'd rather he left now.

➤ I'd rather you didn't hunt elephants

#### 3-Key words الكلمات الدالة

Yesterday امس / ago منذ (مدة زمنية) / last+ مدة زمنية / in (in 2009) سنة ماضية +

in the past فى الماضى / once/ ذات مرة / one day / How long ago = when / The other da

### The past continuous tense الماضى المستمر

#### ١. التكوين Form

١- فى حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى المستمر من ( was/were + verb + ing + فاعل )

➤ They were watching TV yesterday evening.

#### ٢. الاستخدام Usage

#### نستخدم الماضى المستمر

- للتعبير عن حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي في وقت معين

➤ Tarek was eating dinner at noon yesterday.

٢- للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث آخر فى الماضى.

While/As I was having my lunch, the telephone rang

٣- للتعبير عن حدثين كانا مستمرين فى نفس الوقت فى الماضى مع (While/As/When)

➤ While my father was watching TV, my mother was cooking in the kitchen.

➤ While / As / When I was doing my homework, my sister was helping my mother.

## زمن المضارع التام The present perfect tense

### ١. التكوين Form

(فاعل + has/have + P.P)

١. في حالة الإثبات: يتكون من

Ex. He has watched the match.

### ٢. الاستخدام Usage

يستخدم المضارع التام للتعبير عن أحداث في الماضي انتهت حالا أو منذ فترة قصيرة جداً

Mai has just washed the dishes.

٢- حدث بدأ في الماضي ومازال مستمر في المضارع مع for/since

We have lived in Giza for ten years . We have been at this school since 2012.

حدث بدأ في الماضي وله أثر أو نتيجة في الوقت الحاضر

→ I can't open the door because I have lost my keys.

→ Ahmed has hurt his leg, so he can't play football today.

### ٣. كلمات الدالة Key words

#### 1-Ever

تستخدم في السؤال عن الخبرات السابقة

Have you ever been to the desert? تستخدم أيضاً في الجملة التي تبدأ ب:

It's the first time + have / has + ever + p.p

٢- تستخدم مع الجمل التي تحتوي على صيغة التفضيل:

I have ever + I + اسم + p.p

صفة طويلة + Most

#### 2-Never

تستخدم مع النفي لتعبير عن الخبرات السابقة بمعنى ابدأ/مطلقاً

My brother has never driven a car before

( never ) + ( before )

I have never seen such a tall tree.

( never ) + such + a/an..... noun

#### 3-already بالفعل

Hany has already made his bed ← تأتي already بين have/has والتصريف الثالث

← Leila has finished her homework already. ← تأتي already في نهاية الجملة الخبرية المثبتة

← Have you finished doing the exercise already? how fast (حتى الآن) لنسأل عن أو نتكلم عن شيء ما متوقع حدوثه

تستخدم بمعنى ( حتى الآن) لنسأل عن أو نتكلم عن شيء ما متوقع حدوثه

← Have you finished your homework yet?

تأتي yet في نهاية السؤال

← I haven't had breakfast yet.

تأتي yet في نهاية الجملة المنفية

تستخدم بمعنى ( حالا ) لنقول ان شيء حدث منذ فترة قصيرة

Leila isn't here. She's just gone. The bus has just left! I can see it over there

#### 6-Since + (بداية الحدث / بداية المدة)

Last (week- month) 1998 / 5 o'clock / Sunday/ His arrival / childhood/ I /He/she was since

Since the last + اسم (the last visit )...../the age of... /the beginning of ...

#### 7-For + مدة كاملة

a week/ five months/ a night / a while/ an hour/ a long(short) time / ages/ more than

الخلاصة تأتي مع كل ما يبدأ ب a/an و ينتهي ب s/ ( some time/ ever )

For the last/past + مدة for the last week/month

### يمكن استخدام since كاداء ربط

Have/has + p.p	since	ماضي بسيط
It's a period of time		

Ex-It's two weeks since I met him .

→ he has studied English since she started her school.

### لاحظ الفرق بين (have/has) been to & (have/has) gone to

١- ذهب الى مكان او زار مكان وعاد منه او عند السؤال عن مكان لم تزوره من قبل has/have been to

٢- ذهب الى مكان او زار مكان ولم يعد او في الطريق الى هناك has/have gone to

### ملاحظات هامة

يستخدم مع أفعال الشعور والتفكير والملكية والحواس ووصف الحالة ولكن يستخدم الماضي البسيط مثل :

want – think – like – love – hate – belong – have – see – hear - taste – smell – be – see

→ While I was at home, a man knocked on the door and asked for help.

٢- إذا لم ياتي بعد while فاعل ياتي بعدها (v + ing) بشرط ان يكون فاعل الجملة واحد

→ While playing football, I fell and broke my leg ( while I was playing football)

٣- يمكن استخدام on بدلا من when ويأتي بعدها (v + ing)

→ When the thief saw the police, he ran away.= On seeing the police, the thief ran away.

٣- يمكن استخدام During بدلا من while ويأتي بعدها (noun)

→ During my lunchtime, the phone rang

## The present simple

### ١. التكوين Form

يتكون المضارع البسيط من مصدر الفعل مع مع الضمان I وyou وwe و they. أما بالنسبة لـ he, she, it فعل ب s/es/ies

### ٢. الاستخدام Usage

نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن:

١. عادات و أفعال متكررة habits:

E.g. I go to school every day. Adel usually visits his relatives on Friday.

٢. حقائق الثابتة facts:

E.g. The sun rises in the east. The earth goes around the sun.

٣. حالة if الأولى:

E.g. If you study hard, you will succeed.

٤. حالة if الصفرية:

E.g. If you boil water, it evaporates.= When you boil water, it evaporates.

٥. جداول المواعيد الثابتة schedules:

E.g. I am traveling to London tomorrow. My plane leaves at 6 am.

٦. المواقف والانشطة لمدة طويلة:

I live in Cairo / he works in factory / she likes English .

### ٢. الكلمات الدالة Key words

الكلمات التالية كلها كلمات دالة على المضارع البسيط:

(Always دائماً , usually عادة , often غالباً , sometimes أحيانا , ever دائماً/للأبد , never أبداً , rarely نادراً , seldom نادراً , hardly بالكاد , frequently بصورة متكررة , generally عموماً , every بكل , scarcely نادراً , seldom نادراً , hardly بالكاد , frequently بصورة متكررة , generally عموماً , every بكل , occasionally من وقت لآخر , من وقت لآخر , بين الحين والآخر )

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع الظروف الزمنية الآتية وتأتي في نهاية الجملة أو أولها

every day/ every week / every year/ twice a week / twice a month /

→ Rania goes to the club every Monday. Every Monday Rania goes to the club.

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع ظروف التكرار و تأتي قبل الفعل الأصلي أو بعد verb to be

- I sometimes walk to school. - My brother often watches TV.

- I am never late for school. - She is always tired in the evenings.

لاحظ العادة في المضارع البسيط

### 1- (Be / get) + used to + ("v + ing" / noun)

Amr is used to studying hard.

يمكن أن نستخدم never للنفي مكان doesn't ويأتي بعدها فعل منتهي (s)

Ex : Ahmed doesn't study English = Ahmed never studies English

## Indefinite article a/an أداة النكرة

تستخدم (a/an) مع اسم يعد في حالة المفرد لأول مرة - وقبل الوظائف/ قبل الصفات والجنسية المتبوعة باسم مفرد / مع التعريفات  
الدالة على العدد والتمن والسرعة وأدوات التجزئة والكميات / بعض الأمراض الشائعة

- I've got a new camera. Have you ever had an operation.  
→ My father is an architect. Her mother is a teacher.  
→ Hany bought a new car. She read an exciting story. A pair of shoes

لاحظ:

« نضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف ينطق ساكن

a pen – a car – a book- a woman – a farm .....etc.

نضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف (e) أو (u) ولكنه ينطق (y) .

a university – a European country – a uniform – a useful thing- a unit

نضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف (o) ولكنه ينطق (w) أي (و) .

a one-way road

« نضع " an " قبل الاسم المفرد البادئ بحرف ينطق متحرك (a, e, I, o, u)

an elephant – an apple – an orange – an umbrella – an item- an uncle

نضع " an " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف ساكن ولا ينطق ويليه حرف متحرك أو ينطق صوت متحرك مثل:

وريت an hour – an honest man – an x-ray – an heir

ويالطبع لا تستخدم a/an قبل الأسماء الجمع أو الأسماء التي لا تعد ولا الأسماء المعنوية.

Fish is my favourite food. I'm wearing black shoes.

## Definite article (the) أداة المعرفة

1- قبل الاسم الذي تكرر في الجملة الثانية وتم ذكره في الجملة الأولى (نكرة أصبح معرفة)

► I have a new phone. The phone was no expensive .

2- مع الأسماء الفريدة في الكون ..

The sun – the moon — the world —the earth – the sea- the sky- the pyramids

3- مع الأسماء المعرفة بالإضافة (تخصيص الاسم أو اسم مسبوق بجملة وصل):

The fish which we had for dinner last night was delicious.

4- قبل الاختراعات والاكتشافات والآلات الموسيقية وأسماء البحار والمحيطات والأنهار والقنوات وقبل صفات التفضيل

the computer – the television – the plane- the radio - the piano – the violin – the drum –  
The Red sea – the pacific ocean – the River Nile – the Suez Canal – the tallest – the  
most interesting

5- قبل الصفة لنشير إلى الكل أو الجمع

the rich/the poor/the disabled

6- قبل أسماء البلاد التي بها الممالك والجمهوريات والإمارات والولايات المركبة والتي تحتوى هذه الكلمات:

متحدة united / إمارة emirate / اتحاد Union / جمهورية republic / ولاية States / مملكة Kingdom

7- لا تستخدم أدوات النكرة والمعرفة a/an/the في الحالات الآتية:

مع أسماء الأشخاص والرياضيات والمواد الدراسية واللغات والدول والبحيرات والجبال المفردة والوجبات وأيام الأسبوع والشهور والمواد الخام

الأسماء المعنوية:

Hany – tennis – science – Egypt - lake Nasser - Mount Sinai – Sunday – May – cotton

–Africa – chess – breakfast -beauty –happiness

8- مع الأسماء التي تعد في حاله الجمع بوجه عام

Ex: Flowers have nice smell . ( All kinds of flowers )

ولكن عند التخصيص the flowers in my garden are beautiful.

تستخدم the قبل أسماء الأماكن التالية إذا استخدمت لغير غرضها الأساسي (للزيارة مثلا)

(School – university – hospital –prison – mosque – church – market)

- My father went to the school to meet the headmaster yesterday. ( As a visitor )

- My father went to school yesterday. ( As a teacher )

## Forms of future صيغ المستقبل

### ١ - زمن المستقبل البسيط

#### ١. التكوين Form:

. يتكون المستقبل البسيط من will ('ll) + inf

#### ٢. الاستخدام Usage:

نستخدم المستقبل البسيط للتعبير عن:

Next year, I <b>will be</b> 19 years old.	١. حقائق مستقبلية(المرى) Future facts:
Your bag looks heavy. I <b>Will help</b> you carry it.	٢. عرض مساعدة Offering help:
E.g. Will you help me do my homework, please?	٣. طلب مساعدة Asking for help:
I think it <b>will rain</b> tomorrow.	٤. التنبؤ (بدون دليل) Prediction:
Someone is knocking on the door. I'll <b>see</b> who is there	٥. القرار السريع Quick decision:
take your umbrella with you or you <b>will get</b> wet	٦. التحذير Warning:
Look at these clouds. it will probably rain	٧. مع دليل حاضر مع وجود ظروف مثل Definitely/certainly/probably مع الروابط الآتية

after/ As soon as/ When / Before / By the time	(مضارع بسيط) او (مضارع تام)	مستقبل Will+ inf
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### ٢. المستقبل باستخدام (be) going to + inf

١. يستخدم عند التخطيط أو النية أو القرار المسبق لحدث في المستقبل (لم تنتهي من الترتيب له):

She **is going to buy** a new computer. She has already made her plan.

I'm **going to buy** a new car, I intend to do that . (Intention)

٢. يستخدم عند التنبؤ بوجود دليل ( نראה أو نعرفة أو نسمعه مع كلمات /think /believe/ أو شى على وشك الحدوث أو مع كلمات التحذير أو التنبيه) /lookout!/ /watch out !/ take care /

E.g. 1-There are a lot of clouds. I think It **is going to rain**.

Watch out! The baby **is going to fall**.

ولكن الصفات الثابتة والمهارات للإنسان ليس دليلا على حدوث الفعل فنأخذ Will مثل:

3- Sara is a good student . I **think she will pass** all her exams.

٣. المستقبل باستخدام المضارع المستمر:

١. يستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن المستقبل في حالة وجود ترتيبات مسبقة ، ويدل على ذلك كلمات مثل:

arranged /made arrangements / prepared / booked /packed reserved / got / bought

They **are flying** to Paris next Friday. They bought the tickets

٢. يستخدم مع المناسبات الاجتماعية من حفلات وأعياد ميلاد والزواج وسفر وزيارات ومواعيد شخصية وغيرها تستلزم ترتيبات

٣. يستخدم مع عدم مقدرة فعل شى في المستقبل نتيجة للترتيب لفعل حدث آخر.

We **are giving** a party tomorrow for Mona's birthday

- I can't meet you tomorrow as I **am doing** the shopping.

### ٣. المستقبل باستخدام المضارع البسيط

← يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن المستقبل (بجدول المواعيد الثابتة: بوسائل المواصلات والمسرح والسينما والمدرسة والحصص والامتحانات .....الخ

e.g. Your train **leaves** at 6 am tomorrow. The first class **begins** at 8 o'clock am.

**Verbs**

**الأفعال**

**أ. أفعال يأتي بعدها to + inf.**

agree	يوافق	hope	يأمل	offer	يعرض
choose	يختار	learn	يتعلم	plan	يخطط
decide	يقرر	want	يريد	promise	يعد
expect	يتوقع	refuse	يرفض	Would like	يود

**ب. أفعال يأتي بعدها فعل مضاف له ing**

keep	يحافظ	admit	يعترف ب	suggest	يقترح
avoid	يتجنب	mind	يمنع	deny	ينكر
dislike	يكره	finish	ينهي	spend	يقضي
enjoy	يستمتع	practise	يمارس	recommend	يوصي

**ج. أفعال يأتي بعدها to + inf. أو فعل مضاف له ing بدون اختلاف في المعنى**

Begin = start	يبدا	continue	يستمر
like /love	يحب	prefer	يفضل

**د. لاحظ إذا استخدمنا would قبل الأفعال (like /love/prefer) فإنه يأتي بعدها to + inf.**

**هـ - أفعال يأتي بعدها (to+ inf) أو (v.+ing) مع وجود اختلاف في المعنى**

هذه الأفعال إذا جاء بعدها (Gerund) تدل على ان الحدث قد انتهى أما إذا جاء بعدها (to +inf) فتدل على ان الحدث لم يتم بعد

remember + (to + inf.)	يتذكر أن يفعل شيئاً ما ثم يفعله
remember + (v. + ing)	يتذكر أنه قد فعل شيئاً ما في الماضي
stop + (to + inf.)	يتوقف لغرض (لكي يفعل شيء ما)
stop + (v. + ing)	يتوقف عن فعل شيء لفترة قصيرة أو بصفة دائمة
regret + (to + inf.)	يأسف أنه مضطر أن يفعل شيء ما أو يقول خبر غير سار
regret + (v. + ing)	يندم على شيء فعله في الماضي
forget + (to + inf.)	ينسى أن يفعل شيء ما (أي لم يفعل الشيء)
forget + (v. + ing)	ينسى أنه فعل شيء ما (أي أنه فعل الشيء)

**و - استخدام v + ing بعد to في هذه التعبيرات**

look forward to	يتطلع إلي	Can't stand	لا يحتمل
object to	يعارض	How /what about	ما رأيك في
be used to	معتاد	Feel like	يود/ يريد
be busy	مشغول	It's no good = It's no us	لا فائدة من

**Choose**

- Omar was .....across the Sahara last year.  
a. cycles      b. was cycling      c. has cycled      d.cycled
- Salma ..... around Indonesia when she broke her leg.  
a. travelled      b. was travelling      c. travels      d.is
- My cousin ..... in Costa Rica as a child because my uncle was a biologist  
a. lives      b. lived      c. were living      d.is living
- The tourists ..... swimming in the sea. It was too dirty!  
a. don't enjoy      b. won't enjoy      c. weren't enjoying      d. didn't enjoy
- What ..... when I took photos of the crocodiles?  
a. did you do      b. were you doing      c. you were doing      d. have you done

- My grandparents never .....a holiday last summer.  
a. had      b. have      c. were having      d.are having
- Jake .....to visit Madagascar before he started university.  
a. was arranging      b. arranged      c. arranges      d.is arranging
- The young men..... to be field biologist  
a. are taught      b. taught      c. teach      d. are teaching
- The community..... to look after the lions  
a. encourages      b. encourage      c. is encouraged      d. encouraged
- Lions.....as much as in the past.  
a. don't kill      b. aren't killed      c. isn't killed      d. doesn't killed
- Local people.....jobs by the organization.  
a. are giving      b. are given      c. is given      d. given
- She is used to .....to school by bus.  
a) go      b) went      c) going      d) goes
- Amal.....to her school on foot.  
a) goes usually      b) usually goes      c) go usually      d) usually go
- The Earth.....around the sun.  
a) move      b) moved      c) moving      d) moves
- The final match.....at 7 p.m. this evening.  
a) will start      b) is going to start      c) started      d) starts
- My grandfather always ..... to work when he was young.  
a) walk      b) walks      c) walking      d) walked
- My pen friend arrived at Cairo Airport a moment ago. This means that he ...  
a has just arrived      b just has arrived      c hasn't arrived      d will arrive
- My uncle .....as a taxi driver for ten years. Now, he is a worker in a big clothes factor  
a works      b was working      c has worked      d worked
- It's the first time I have ..... seen the temple of Philae.  
a) ever      b) never      c) recently      d) just
- Why are you late, Sami? Sorry, I have ..... to the library  
a-went      b-gone      c-been      d-goes
- Hany has gone on holiday .....the last two weeks.  
a) on      b) for      c) when      d) since
- Have you done your homework? Not.....  
a) yet      b) already      c) ever      d) just
- haven't gone to the zoo since I ..... a child.  
a-were      b-was      c-have been      d- am
- My uncle has stayed abroad ..... years  
a) on      b) for      c) when      d) since
- While the tourists were lying on the beach , Adam was ..... life from a boat.  
a) monitored      b) was monitoring      c) is monitoring      d) has monitored
- Smart cards ..... everywhere nowadays.  
A use      B are used      C are using      D uses
- I..... my friend since September.  
A didn't see      B hadn't seen      C haven't seen      D wasn't seen
- While I was revising my lesson, My mother..... dinner.  
A was preparing      B preparing      C is preparing      D prepares
- The local people benefit when lions.....  
A is protected      B isn't protected      C are protected      D protects
- Mona was leaning out of the boat when she..... her phone.  
A drops      B is dropping      C dropped      D was dropping
- Ahmed's parents have lived in the same house..... 2010.  
A when      B since      C for      D ago

- 31 I think ..... exams we have next week will be very difficult.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 32 I need ..... book from the library, but someone else has borrowed it.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 33 ..... exams are always very stressful for me.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 34 I need ..... advice about how to make new friends.  
a- a b an c the d some
- 35 I finished ..... homework before I went out.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 36 ..... school holidays are starting soon.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 37 I made ..... new friend recently.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 38 At night, we can see ..... moon in the sky.  
a- a b an c the d no article
- 39-Look at this advert. The phone company ..... a new flexible smartphone.  
a-will introduce b-introduces c- is going to introduce d.are introducing
- 40-Look at these dark clouds; it.....  
a) is probably raining b) will probably rain  
c) probably going to rain d) rains
- 41-Experts .....their new driverless cars tomorrow. They're completely ready.  
a-are testing b-will test c-going to test d-test
- 42-Be careful the car .....you; it is very near.  
a-is hitting b- is going to hit c-will hit d- hits
- 43- Do you think that Soha.....the full mark in the exam?  
a.will get b.is going to get c.would get d.is getting
- 44-These clothes are very cheap on the internet. I.....them when I get home.  
a.will buy b.am going to buy c.would buy d.am buying
- 45- My grandfather..... 70 on his next birthday!  
A is being b will be c is going to be d will have been
- 46- Your bags look heavy. I ..... you to carry them.  
A will be helped b am helping c help d will help
47. The earth is very crowded. People.....on the moon.  
a. are living b. will live c. are going to live d. live
- 48-My cousin is studying medicine at university. She .....a doctor  
a-will be b-is being c- is going to be d-would be
- 49-the other team's players are very big. It .....a difficult match.  
a-is b-is going to be c-will be d-is being
- 50- Which book did you choose ..... at the library?  
a reading b to read c read d to reading
- 51- My cousin has decided ..... Japanese  
a learn b to learn c learning d to learning
- 52- I didn't finish ..... my homework until 10 o'clock last night.  
a- to do b-do c- to doing d-doing
- 53 Dalia remembers ..... comics every week when I was young.  
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying
- 54 My uncle stopped ..... football after he hurt his leg.  
a- to play b-play c- to playing d-playing
- 55 I visited Luxor when I was three, but I don't remember ..... there.  
a) go b) to go c) going d) to going
- 56- My grandmother promised ..... me some cakes when I next visit  
a) make b) to make c) making d) to making
- 57 Would you like ..... faculty of arts?  
a joining b to join c join d to joining
- 58 I really regret ..... this old car; it has caused me a lot of trouble.  
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying
- 59The teacher suggested ..... the information on the internet.

- a- to find b-find c- to finding d-finding
- 60-Dalia always remembers ...a comic for her niece when she visits her sister.  
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying
- 61 I ..... the faculty of engineering when I grow up; it's my intention.  
A will join B join C am going to join D am joining
- 62 My cousin spends a lot of time ..... photos on the internet.  
A post B posted C posting D posts
- 63-.....poem I read yesterday is really interesting.  
A A B An C The D no article
- 64- I want to write ..... short story. It looks like fun.  
A no article B the C an D a
- 65- Ramy promised ..... me to finish my school project.  
A helps B help C helping D to help
- 66-I don't know what to do, so I am going to ask my uncle for..... advice.  
A an B some C a D any
- 67 I forgot..... my calculator to school.  
A bring B bringing C brought D to bring
- 68-Dalia didn't have ..... friends when she started at her new school.  
A the B some C a D any
- 69-In Egypt, students in primary school have to wear .....uniform.  
A the B a C an D no article
- 70-Sadly, my uncle has been ill ..... he was a young man.  
A for B when C ago D since

### اهم كلمات القصة

Adventures	مغامرات	kneel	يركع	directions	اتجاهات
attack	يهاجم	leader	قائد	bottom	اسفل
barrel	برميل	live on	يعيش على	count	يعد
blind	اعمى	magistrate	قاضي	dry voice	صوت جاف
branch	فرع شجرة	mutiny	تمرد/عصيان	expression	تعبير
bury	يدفن	pale	شاحب اللون	explain	يسرح/يفسر
cannon	مدفع	parrot	بيغاء	follow	يتبع
cliffs	منحدر صخري	pirates	قرصانة	fort	حصن
clue	مفتاح/دليل لحل لغز	pretty	جميلة	full of	مملوء ب
contact	يتصل	rob	يسرق(مكان)	helpers	المساعدون
crazy	مجنون	sail	يبحر/شراع	hills	تلال
crew	طاقم سفينة	scar	ندب اثر جرح	Hide(hid)	يختبئ
crutch	عكاز	servant	خادم	hold onto	يمسك في
dare	يجرؤ	shore	شاطئ	immediately	في الحال
escape	يهرب	spade	مجرفة	marked	مشار اليه
fire his gun	يطلق النار	supplies	امدادات	own	يمتلك
frightened	خائف	sword	سيف	neighbours	جيران
gang	عصابة	terrible	فظيع	the rest	البقية
grab	ينزغ/يجذب	trust	يثق	thought	فكر/معتقد
Guard	يحرص	whistle	صفارة	towards	نحو/اتجاه
head	يراس/رئيس	admiral	اميرال(رتبة بحرية)	weapons	اسلحة
inn	حانة/فندق صغير	pay for	يدفع من اجل	well defended	محصن
journey	رحلة	prevent	يمنع	fight	قتال/صراع
As usual	كالعادة	run after	يطارد	sinking	الغرق
dead	ميت	take a note	يسجل ملاحظة	papers	اوراق/مستندات
defend	يدافع	get to	يصل الى	On my own	بمفردي
disease	مرض	treasure	كنز	join	يتضم ل
destination	جهة الوصول	advantage	ميزة	plan	خطة

**Choose ( the story)**

- 1 People who suffer from starvation usually need food.....  
a supplies      b surveys      c reviews      d analysis
- 2 Our brave army soldiers..... our country against enemies.  
a offend      b defend      c attack      d fight
- 3 When did you..... to your office?  
a stay      b reach      c arrive      d get
- 4 I usually..... my friends by using my mobile phone.  
a communicate      b connect      c contact      d control
- 5 A ..... is a heavy metal weapon.  
a knife      b cannon      c pistol      d gun
- 6 What are the..... and disadvantages of the internet?  
a advantages      b points      c sides      d demerits
- 7 My mother.....down to take the little girl into her arms.  
a broke      b fell      c knelt      d raised
- 8 I used to depend on myself and do the homework .....my own.  
a on      b of      c from      d with
- 9 The young man behaved foolishly, so people believed he was .....  
a wise      b polite      c active      d crazy
- 10 Captain Smollett had a ..... to save the ship from Silver and his men.  
a plane      b plan      c plain      d pain
- 11 Archaeologists try to look for the ..... of the pharaohs.  
a pleasures      b pressures      c treasures      d sessions
- 12 The referee blew his .....to end the match.  
a whistle      b fire      c gun      d voice
- 13 If you have a ..... , you should see your doctor.  
a habit      b disease      c review      d custom
- 14 I saw a lot of boats near the sea.....  
a shore      b bank      c valley      d canal
- 15 We ..... our friend Ali because he never tells lies.  
a disagree      b agree      c trust      d distrust
- 16 In the morning, I usually see a lot of birds on the ..... of trees.  
a roots      b branches      c seeds      d trunks
- 17 Children played on the..... and made sandcastles.  
a beach      b bank      c shore      d mud
- 18 Can I ..... the poetry competition, please?  
a Take place      b take part      c go      d join
- 19 At work, the team has a great .....who tells each one what to do.  
a fool      b captain      c leader      d fellow
- 20 The worker used a .....to make a hole on the ground.  
a saw      b spade      c knife      d hammer
- 21 The people tried to catch the thief, but he.....  
a caught      b escaped      c arrested      d managed
- 22 Be careful or you will fall off the .....it's very steep.  
a mountain      b hall      c well      d cliff
- 23 We..... much to our great teachers.  
a take      b lend      c owe      d borrow
- 24 Pew is..... ; he has lost his sight.  
a deaf      b blind      c dumb      d crippled
- 25 Outside the building, there are two men whose job is to..... and protect us.  
a guard      b attack      c prevent      d own

- 26 The thief had a long curved .....on his cheek, so we could recognize him.  
a skate      b sky      c skin      d scar
- 27 What a brave young man! He was the only student who..... to say the truth.  
a could      b dared      c refused      d disagreed
- 28 A .....is a group of people who work against the law.  
a gang      b crew      c staff      d team
- 29 Unfortunately, the burglar ..... the house.  
a stole      b took      c owed      d robbed
- 30 The ship .....helped each other to control the situation well.  
a gang      b staff      c crew      d team
- 31 A..... is a bird with brightly coloured feathers that can learn to copy human speech.  
a chick      b duck      c parrot      d pirate
- 32 The police usually look for a..... to solve a crime.  
a clue      b key      c lock      d case
- 33 There are..... in this villa. They do all the housework.  
a managers      b gentlewomen      c masters      d servants
- 34 The..... questioned the criminal to know the truth.  
a gang      b manager      c magistrate      d soldier
- 35 A: What is the ..... of the Hispaniola? B: It's headed to the treasure island.  
a situation      b destination      c position      d condition
- 36 Flint and his men are..... . They attack ships and take money and goods by force.  
a pirates      b drivers      c pilots      d divers
- 37 A..... is a large container made of wood or metal.  
a tin      b jar      c barrel      d cup
- 38 The thief..... my bag and ran away.  
a lent      b borrowed      c grabbed      d gave
- 39 The child seemed to be ill. He was thin and .....  
a fit      b strong      c pile      e pale
- 40 A..... is a weapon with a long pointed blade and a handle.  
a gun      b sword      c bomb      d pistol

**Comprehension** **قطعة الفهم**

**إليك مجموعة من الأسئلة الهامة التي ترد كثيراً في قطع الفهم:**

1- Put a suitable title for the passage.	ضع عنواناً مناسباً للقطعة.
2- What is the main idea of the passage?	ما هي الفكرة الرئيسية في القطعة؟
3- Find in the passage words which mean a) .....b).....	استخرج كلمات من القطعة تعني..
4- What does the pronoun.....refer to?	ما الذي يشير إليه الضمير.....؟
5-What does the underlined word mean / refer to?	ماذا تعني الكلمة التي أسفلها خط؟ إلى ماذا تشير الكلمة التي تحتها خط؟
6-Summarize the main idea in the passage.	لخص الفكرة الرئيسية في القطعة
7-Show -Explain - Discuss the reasons.....	وضح - اشرح - ناقش الأسباب.....
8- What do you think ( is your opinion)of...?	ما رأيك في.....؟
9- Do you agree \ oppose \ think .....?	هل ( توافق) - ( تعارض) - (تعتقد).....؟

10- From your point of view..../ In your opinion.....

من وجهة نظرك / (في رأيك).....

11- From the point of view of the writer (author).....

من وجهة نظر الكاتب (المؤلف).....

## المقال

### جمل تصلح لموضوع إيجابي

→ In my opinion, I'd like to say that ..... is really important and necessary nowadays and may have good and positive effects on all of us. I think so because ..... may bring all the good to our society .

⊗ في رأي ، أود أن أقول أن ..... هو حقا مهم وضروري هذه الأيام وقد يكون له الأثر الطيب والإيجابي علينا ، واني أعتقد ذلك لأن ..... قد يعود بالنفع على مجتمعتنا.

→ We all agree / There is no doubt that ..... is one of the most important things life and has its vital role nowadays.

⊗ نتفق جميعا أن ..... واحدا من أهم الأشياء في حياتنا وله دورا حيويا هذه الأيام.

مميزات وفوائد الموضوع نكتب

→ In my point of view , I believe that .....has a lot of good effects and advantages that we can't count. It causes more and more welfare . It enriches our life to great extent

دورنا اتجاه الموضوع

→ we should put in our minds that ..... is considered an important step to improve and develop our society, and this makes the government do it's best to encourage

### جمل تصلح لموضوع سلبي

⊗ In my point of view, I believe that ..... is really serious and harmful nowadays and may have bad and negative effects on all of us. I think so because ..... May bring all the evil to our society.

← من وجهة نظري أعتقد أن ..... وهو فعلا خطير وضار هذه الأيام وقد يكون له آثار سيئة وسلبية علينا جميعا ، انني أعتقد ذلك لأن ..... قد يجلب الشرور إلى مجتمعتنا.

⊗ There is no doubt that ..... is one of the most dangerous phenomena in our life and has its bad and negative effects nowadays.

← مما لاشك فيه أن ..... هي واحدة من أخطر الظواهر في حياتنا وكذلك له آثاره السيئة والسلبية في وقتنا هذا .

عيوب واضرار الموضوع نكتب

→ In my point of view , I believe that .....has a lot of bad effects and disadvantages that we can't count. It causes more and more damage . It threatens our life to great extent

كيفية التغلب على المشكلة

To overcome the bad effects of this dangerous problem we should work together; society and government to find the best solutions that help us to get rid of the damage caused by ..... and to work for the welfare and development of our homeland

## الخاتمة

⊗ ⊗ Finally, it is quite clear that .... (الموضوع) ..... Is really..... (صفة) ..

⊗ ⊗ In the end, I wish I had pointed out all the aspects of this subject and made it clear. في النهاية أتمنى أن أكون وضحت كل جوانب هذا الموضوع وجعلته واضحا

## Charity Societies الجمعيات الخيرية

Charity Societies الجمعيات الخيرية are organizations for helping the poor everywhere .These organizations do their best to make homeless and poor children live well .poor people are offered care in different aspects مجالات .They are also offered medical care. houses and food. All of us should take part in the activities of these societies. We can donate بـ بئرع clothes, money, food or even we can donate efforts to please those poor people.

الجمعيات الخيرية هي منظمات لمساعدة الفقراء في كل مكان . تبذل تلك المنظمات كل جهدها لجعل الاطفال المشردين والفقراء يحيون حياة كريمة ، تتم العناية بالفقراء في كافة النواحي ويتم كذلك تقديم العناية الطبية والمسكن والطعام لهم . نحن جميعا يجب ان نشارك في أنشطة تلك الجمعيات . يمكننا ان نتبرع بالملابس او المال او الطعام او حتى بالمجهود لاسعاد اولئك الناس الفقراء

No one can deny even for a moment that helping the poor is considered one of the most important matters which we should give .....

## The advantages and disadvantages of modern technology

Our life today is quite different from life fifty years ago. Life in the past was very simple and easy. In the past people used animals to go from place to place. People died from many diseases which they could not cure.Today, thanks to modern science and technology, there are many inventions which have made man's life easier and more comfortable. Modern means of transport help us to travel long distances in a very short time. The progress in medicine has enabled us to find a cure for most diseases. We also have pure water and electric supply.

However modern technology has several disadvantages. The most noticeable disadvantage is pollution. Pollution is very harmful to man's life and can cause many diseases. Man now depends too much on machines. There are a lot of people who can't find jobs because we use machines to do most of our work. Many people nowadays suffer from stress and worry. Some people may have a nervous breakdown

## The importance/ value of sports اهمية الرياضة

No one can ignore that games and sports are very important in our life Sports and games are encouraged everywhere in Egypt because they make our bodies strong, prevent us from getting too fat and keep us healthy. Games and sports make people lead a healthy and active life. They can join clubs to Practise their favourite sports, enjoy their time and feel great happiness. Sports and games teach our youth discipline, co-operation, the sense of belonging and protect them against deviation and taking drugs. It is important for us to get proper exercise in our life. There are many forms of exercises like running, walking, swimming....etc . It is advisable to do the exercises which are suitable for us .The form of exercise I like to do is running. This exercise is very useful for my muscles .It makes my body strong and renews my activity. We should be keen on doing for improving our health.

## The person you admire most

The person I admire most is and regard as a hero is Professor Magdi Yacoub. He is a world-famous heart surgeon. He was part of the team which did the first British heart transplant operation. He was born in Egypt in Belbis in 1935. I admire him most because he is successful, perfect, hard-working and experienced. He is also very clever and good at his work. He has the qualifications and experience to do many great things. Although he retired as a surgeon in 2001, he is still researching new treatments. He is now the head of the Magdy Yacoub Heart Foundation, which is one of the largest charity organizations in Egypt. The foundation treats many Egyptian patients with heart problems, including small babies, free of charge. Professor Yacoub is a great example to be followed. He has showed me that you can do a lot of things even in your old age. I hope I will be a great surgeon like him. I love him very much. He deserves to be respected and loved

## Why tourism is important for Egypt.)

Tourism is the second earner of foreign currency for Egypt. Millions of tourists come from all over the world to visit Egypt every year. They come to Egypt for many reasons. They want to enjoy the warmth of the weather and visit all ancient monuments.

Tourism has many advantages for our country. It is a main source to increase national income and develop national economy. Tourists add a lot of money to the income of our country. They spend money on flights, hotels, museums, restaurants and transport. This provides our country with hard currency and provides jobs for the unemployed. Tourism is also important to make visitors know more about our history, culture, customs, traditions and language.

We should increase the number of people visiting Egypt every year by fighting terrorism which is tourism's great enemy. We have to be civilized and friendly to tourists. The government should set up modern hotels and offer accommodations at reasonable prices. Last, but not least, it is a must that we do our best to benefit from tourism

## How we can help to protect and improve the environment

Environmental pollution is a very serious problem nowadays. This pollution causes great damage to the environment and all living things. There are a lot of things we can do to preserve the environment. Factories should be moved to land outside cities. A great number of trees should be planted along the sides of the roads. Trees take in carbon dioxide and release oxygen, so they help to clean the air.

The government should pass laws to reduce the number of cars on the roads. We have to spread awareness among ordinary people of the importance of preserving the environment. We must teach young children how to keep the environment clean. If we succeed in preserving (conserving) the environment, our children and grandchildren can enjoy the world we live in. Preserving the environment has become a very important issue in the modern world.

## Translation

١- يجب ان نغرس في ابنائنا حب العمل والانتماء ونشجعهم على الابداع

We should implant love of work and affiliation/belonging in our children and encourage them to be creative

٢- من الضروري اتخاذ الاحتياطات اللازمة لمواجهة الامطار الغير متوقعة

It is necessary to take precautions to confront /face the risks of unexpected rain.

٣- تهدف المناظرات على تدريب الاجيال على المشاركة والنقد البناء

Debates aim at training the new generations on participation and constructive criticism

٤- من اهم الاهداف التي تسعى الحكومة لتحقيقها تطوير التعليم.

Developing education is one of the most important aims (goals) that the government achieve.

٥- ان زيادة الانتاج هي السبيل الوحيد لبناء المجتمع المثالي الذي نسعى اليه.

Increasing production is the only way to build up the ideal society for which we aspire

٦- على الشباب ان يتسلح بالعلم و التكنولوجيا كي يصلوا لأهدافهم.

Young men should be armed with science and technology to reach their goals

٧- العلم والعمل هما السبيل الوحيد لتحقيق الرفاهية والتقدم لأي أمة.

- science and work are the only way to achieve welfare and progress for any nation

٨- يجب علينا معاملة ذوي الاحتياجات الخاصة بطريقة تشجعهم على الاندماج في المجتمع

- We should treat people with special needs by the way that encourage them to integrate/get involved in the society

٩- تلعب الصحافة دورا هاما في تشكيل وعي الجماهير و تكوين رأي عام فعال.

Press plays an important role in forming people awareness and an effective public opinion.

١٠- الانفجار السكاني مشكلة تواجه الدول النامية وهي تعوق تقدمها خاصة عندما تكون مواردها الطبيعية محدودة.

Over-population is a problem that faces all developing countries. It hampers their progress especially when their natural resources are limited.

١١- يجب ان نهتم بالتربية البدنية في المدارس حتى نستطيع ان نربي جيلا قويا يخدم بلاده .

We must take care of physical education in schools so that we can bring up a strong generation to serve their country

١٢- ينبغي علينا بذل المزيد من الجهد لحماية البيئة من التلوث السمي والبصري

We should exert/make more efforts to protect the environment from audio and visual pollution

١٣- يحب الصغار والكبار قراءة القصص البوليسية لأنها شيقة ومسلية

The young and the adults like reading detective stories because they are interesting and amusing

١٤- يجب ان يعلم كل الاباء بانهم المسؤولين عن تربية جيل واعى ومستنير

All parents should know that they are responsible for bringing up a conscious and enlightened generation.

١٥- المواطن الصالح هو الذي يعمل بجد من اجل ازدهار وطنه

A good citizen is the one (person) who works hard for the prosperity of his country homeland

١٦- يجب على كل فرد المحافظة على الممتلكات العامة فهي ملك للجميع

Everyone should maintain public property as it is owned by all people

١٧. تهتم وزارة التعليم بتطوير المناهج والعملية التعليمية حتى يكون لدينا جيل عظيم من العلماء في المستقبل  
The ministry of education is interested in developing curriculums and the educational process so that we will have a great generation of scientists in the future.

١٨. المواطن الصالح هو الشخص الذي يكرس وقته وجهده لبلاده ، ويضحي بنفسه من أجل كرامتها ورفاهيتها-  
The good citizen is the one who devotes his time and effort to his country, sacrificing himself for its dignity and welfare.

١٩. عاجلا أو اجلا سيصبح الانترنت هو العمود الفقري لجميع مناحي الحياة  
Sooner or later, the internet will become the backbone of all aspects / fields of life.

٢٠ - تنظيم الوقت مهم لانجاز الاعمال وتحقيق الاهداف  
Organizing time (Time management) is very important to do jobs and achieve goals

٢١. لابد ان يكون المدرس الجيد مسئولاً وان يهتم باحتياجات الطلاب  
A good teacher should be responsible and serious, and care for the needs of students.

٢٢. يجب ان يلعب الجميع دورا ايجابيا في تطوير بلدنا وتحقيق التقدم  
Everyone should play a positive role in developing our country and achieving progress.

٢٣. تحاول الحكومة تحسين النظام التعليمي لمواكبة تحديات العالم  
The government is trying to improve the educational system to keep up with world challenges

٢٤. البطالة مشكلة خطيرة جدا يجب ان يحلها العامة والمنظمات الخاصة  
Unemployment is a serious problem that the public and private organizations must solve.

٢٥. يشعر الناس المهتمين بالاجازات فى الفضاء بالقلق بخصوص الاعراض الجانبية السيئة لها  
People who are interested in space holidays are worried about the horrible side effects.

٢٦. يجب على الشباب ان يقبل العمل فى الاماكن النائية حتى لا يظلوا بلا عمل  
Youth / Young adults must accept work in distant places so that / in order they do not stay jobless

٢٧. لابد ان نكرم الكتاب والمفكرين العظام . وخاصة هؤلاء الذين نشروا اعمال مميزة  
We should honour great writers and thinkers, especially those who have published distinguished

٢٨ - ان الخيال العلمي عادة ما يكون محاولة جادة للكتابة عن شكل الحياة في المستقبل أو في عالم آخر.  
Science fiction is usually a serious attempt to write about how life will be like in the future or in another world.

٢٩. يلعب الفن الراقي دورا هاما في تشكيل شخصية الصغار والكبار على السواء  
Classical/high art plays an important role in shaping the character of the young and the adults alike/ on equal

٣٠. علينا بتشديد استخدام المياه العذبة و الا سنواجه شدة الظمأ مستقبلا  
We should rationalize the use of fresh water otherwise we will face a severe thirst in the future

٣١. شهد العصر الحالى ثورة هائلة فى مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات والانترنت.  
Modern age has witnessed a huge revolution in the field of information technology and the internet.

٣٢. ان ثروة مصر الحقيقية تكمن فى مواردها البشرية و ابداع شبابها و تميزه فى كافة المجالات.  
Egypt's real wealth lies in its human resources and the creativity and excellence of its youth in all fields.

٣٢. سيظل الكتاب هو المصدر المفضل للمعرفة لدى معظم المثقفين في جميع أنحاء العالم.  
The book will continue to be the preferred source of knowledge for most intellectuals around the world.

٣٣. ينتظر المستقبل الناس سريعة التفكير / ذوي سرعة البديهة الذين يتسمون بسعة الحيلة والطموح ويمكنهم  
بد زمام المبادرة  
- The future belongs to quick-thinking people who are resourceful, ambitious and can take the initiative.

٣٤. استثمار الطاقة البشرية وتنميتها هي بوابة اي تقدم لان البشر هم الذين يصنعون الحضارة؟  
Investing and developing human force is the key to any progress as man is the creator of civilization.

٣٥. تشييد الدولة الطرق والكباريا العلوية لربط المدن بعضها البعض.  
the state builds roads and flyovers to connect cities together.

٣٦. تشجع الحكومة الصناعة المحلية لتستغني عن الكثير من الواردات  
The government encourages local industry to do without a lot of imports.

٣٧. بدون السلام لا تزدهر الحضارة. فالحرب تدمر ما حققه الإنسان من تقدم.  
Without peace, civilization couldn't flourish as wars destroy all that man has made of progress

٣٨. التعاون والاتحاد والتسلح بالعلم خير السبل لنجاح وتقدم الأفراد والأمة  
Cooperation, unity and being armed with science are the best means for the success and progress of individuals and nations

٣٩. لن تصبح مصر دولة متقدمة بدون التعاون المثمر بين الحكومة والشعب لتنفيذ خطط التنمية  
Egypt won't be a/an progressive (developed / advanced) country without the fruitful cooperation between the government and the people to carry out development plans

٤٠. من حق كل انسان أن يعبر عن رأيه في اطار من الاحترام والنقد البناء والنقاش المفيد  
Every human (man) has the right to express their opinion in a frame of (in the shadow of) (with) (in an atmosphere of) respect, constructive criticism and usefu discussion

٤١. تناول الوجبات السريعة يوفر الوقت ولكن ربما يضر بالصحة لما بها من مواد صناعية كثيرة  
Eating fast meals saves time but it might do harm to health because they (these meals) have many artificial substances.

٤٢. لقد وهب الله مصر كثيراً من المصادر الطبيعية لو أحسن استغلالها لأصبحنا من أغنى الدول .  
Allah has granted Egypt a lot of natural resources that if they are well used, we will become one of the richest countries.

٤٣. تقوى الألعاب الرياضية أجسامنا وتنعش عقولنا وتعلمنا التعاون والصبر وحب الوطن  
Sports and games strengthen our bodies and refresh our minds and teach us co-operation patience and love of our country.

٤٤. تقوم المرأة المصرية بدور فعال في كل نواحي الحياة وتسهم بقدر كبير في تقدم بلادها  
The Egyptian women play an effective role in all aspects of life and contribute greatly to the advancement of their country.

٤٥. تسعى الحكومة الى توفير احتياجات الشعب بكل السبل وهذا يستلزم زيادة الانتاج وتنظيم النسل  
The government is trying to provide the people with what they need in every way This requires the increase of production and birth control.

٤٦. تقوم الجمعيات الخيرية بدور فعال من اجل الفقراء والمحتاجين  
Charities play an effective role for the sake of the poor (poor people) and the needy (needy people)

٤٧. الإستقرار والأمن عنصران هاما لتحقيق نهضة اقتصادية شاملة .  
Stability and security are two important factors to achieve a comprehensive economic renaissance.

## Fill in the gaps

1-Last year, we learnt about pollution at school, so in the summer I decided to(1)..... on a volunteering holiday (2)..... my friends. We had to clean (3).....beaches along the north coast. There (4).....a lot of plastic rubbish like water bottles and plates in the sand. We worked in teams, and each team cleaned a different part (5).....the beach. We were careful not to damage(6)..... shells or wildlife.

PT

2-I am always careful when I (1).....my shopping online. I use a different password for each site, and my passwords (2).....usually quite complicated. This is because I (3).....a bad experience once when I (4)..... buying a pair of shoes online. I got a strange email from the website and I (5).....know what to do with it. In the end, I opened the email and my computer turned off and on again. Some criminals(6)..... attacking my computer.

PT

3-Next week, our school (1).....holding a special event to help students to (2).....what to do after their exams. In the morning, we're (3).....to watch videos about career choices and listen to speeches by people with different jobs. I think we (4)..... be able to ask questions, but I'm not certain. In the afternoon, we're going (5)..... work in groups and do some more research about the jobs we(6)..... interested in.

PT

### 4-Space Tourism

Do you think people will (1).....able to go to the moon for a holiday in the future? Some people say 'Space Tourism' is (2)..... to generate a lot of money in the future. The training programme(3)..... cost over \$200 000, so it (4).....be available to most people. However, some companies have waiting lists of people who(5)..... hoping to become astronauts in the next two years. Perhaps your grandchildren(6)..... take their holidays on Mars!

WB

5-What is ecotourism? Ecotourism (1)..... about providing holidays to places 2..... are often endangered and isolated. The holidays (3)..... designed to have a limited impact on the local environment and (4).....educate tourists about conservation

6-Salah has (1)..... praised for his kind and generous donations to charity in Egypt. He donated money to (2)..... hometown of Nagrig to build (3)..... school, and he (4)..... helped a children's cancer hospital in Cairo

7-Charities do (1)..... best to help hungry people everywhere .They take food and other help to the areas (2).....need it most. They depend on donations to do their job. Still, hunger (3)..... continue to be a problem (4)..... many years

8-If you do want to go swimming, you (1)..... take the following precautions. first, try to avoid swimming between ten in the morning and two in the afternoon. These are the times when the sun is (2).....strongest .It may also(3) .....a good idea to apply a sun protection lotion when you go out in the sun. Remember(4) .....apply it to your body except for your eyes

9-The number of crimes.....(1).....increasing nowadays. This is.....(2)..... serious problem that needs a radical solution. There are different reasons for crimes. We.....(3).....warn our youth against committing crimes. Also we have to avoid.....(4).....crime films. By doing so, we may be able to solve this problem.

10-We see great wonders around us. (1)..... progress made in our modern life is incredible. One of the greatest developments (2)..... the internet which provides us with all kinds of information we need. People are (3)..... to shop and pay bills by it. Our world has (4)..... a new era with the advent of the internet.

11-Some people (1)..... that sports and games are unimportant things. But In fact they can be (3) ..... great value especially to people (3)..... work with their brains most of the day. They activate (4) ..... memories and make them feel relief.

12-A car is a road vehicle used to carry passengers. Cars usually have four wheels and get ..... (1) ..... power from an engine. Millions of cars ..... (2) ..... made during the 20 th century. Like other vehicles, cars are made in different shapes and sizes, for people ..... (3) ..... different needs. Some cars carry people while ..... (4) ..... carry goods