

مراجعة ليلية الامتحان في اللغة الإنجليزية .. لثالثة ثانوى

المراجعة الثانية

تم نشر المراجعة الأولى في عدد السبت ٩-٦-٢٠١٢

2. Respond to each of the following situations:

1. A friend asks what subject you would like to be better at. You say history.
2. Someone asks you about a school trip you went on. You learnt a lot, but you did not take as many photos as you had planned to.
3. An old man can't cross the road alone. You are willing to help him. What do you say?
4. Your friend doesn't want to go to the club alone. You offer to go with him.
5. Your friend offers to phone your parents and tell them you are going to be late. You appreciate that.
6. You would like to find out what music your friend likes. What do you ask?
7. A friend asks you what sort of music you enjoy. Say your favourite music is folk music.
8. A friend asks you whether there is any sort of music you don't like. You don't like modern music.
9. A friend asks how you feel about an important English test you have next week.
10. One of your friends is very busy. You would like to help him.
11. A friend asks you what kind of books you enjoy reading. Your favourite books are historical novels.
12. Your friend would like to know why you have decided to study engineering.
13. You want to ask your friend about the reason why he came to school late.
14. Your mother asks you why you didn't tidy up your room.
15. You ask your father the reason why he has decided to move house.
16. Your brother is using a ladder to get something from the top shelf. You warn him.
17. Your mother tells you to work a bit harder or you'll fail the test. What do you say to assure her?
18. In a conversation, a friend uses the word gadgets. You do not understand the word.
19. A friend asks if you think people will have their own spaceships in 50 years. You think not.
20. A friend asks you why you enjoy sport. Name two reasons.
21. Warn your friend who is about to cross the road, because there is a car coming very fast.
22. Your brother is not working hard enough at school. You think he will get very low marks. Warn him.
23. A friend asks you whether you think people will continue to explore space in the future.
24. An interviewer asks if you would work some evenings during the week. You would be happy to do this.
25. You want to be able to contact a person you have just met, but you do not have their details.
26. Your friend is applying for a new job. This is a surprise and you ask him the reasons.
27. You want to persuade your friend to read "The Grapes of Wrath" by Steinbeck.
28. An educational adviser asks you what skills you would like to improve. You have never been very good at maths.
29. Someone has asked you for educational advice. Find out what qualifications this person has.
30. A friend wants to go back to education, but cannot leave home to go to university. Suggest a distance learning course.
31. A friend suggests that you do an evening course to improve your English. Think

32. Your friend and say this is a good idea.
33. Your mother was very busy yesterday. You regret not helping her.
34. Someone offers to help you to organize a party. Accept this offer politely.
35. You forgot to thank a friend for a present he / she gave you. Tell someone you are sorry for this.
36. A friend asks you why you have a mobile phone. You have two reasons.
37. You are interviewing someone for a job. Find out about their qualifications and experience.
38. An interviewer has asked you why you have applied for a job in a particular

company. The main reason is that a friend has recommended the company to you.

38. You do not understand what distance learning is. Ask a friend.

*** Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following:**

1. A: Someone forgot this bag in my taxi.
B: Thank you for your honesty. We'll contact you in case we find the owner.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

2. A: How did the accident happen?
B: I didn't check the rear view mirror before overtaking the truck.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

3. A: At last we're here. What time does our flight leave, dad?
B: At midday. We've still got lots of time.
A: Are you sure we have everything we need?
B: Yes, I'm sure. Please stop worrying, Ali!

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

4. A: So, for your homework, I want you all to make a list of all the plants growing in your neighbourhood.
B: Shall we just write the names of plants?
A: No, write the names and a short description.
B: When is the homework for?
A: Next Thursday, please.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

5. A: Excuse me, sir. The captain has asked everyone to return to their seats.
B: Does that mean we are going to land soon?
A: Yes, in about 15 minutes.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

6. A: Have you seen Tarek?
B: No, sir. He was at his desk on the phone a few minutes ago.
A: Isn't he there now?
B: No, maybe he's gone home already.
A: He can't have gone home. He's preparing a report for me.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

7. A: Good morning. Can I help you?
B: Yes, it's my father's birthday

إعداد أسئلة اللغة الإنجليزية

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محمد حجي محمد المتناوى

soon, I'd like to buy him a book about space travel.

8. A: These two are very popular. This one is ten pounds and this is five pounds.
B: Could I have one of that five pounds, please?

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

9. A: Can you turn the television on for me, please, Ali?
B: OK, Mum. What's on?
A: The Olympic Games. It's gymnastics this afternoon.
B: Really? I'd like to watch that, too.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

10. A: Excuse me. Do you speak English?
B: Yes, I do. How can I help you?
A: Could you tell me the way to the Cairo Tower, please?
B: Yes, cross the road here, take the first road on the right, and the tower is at that road.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

11. A: We have to give our English homework in today.
B: I know, but I don't know where my book is.
A: Isn't it in your school bag?
B: No, I think I must have left it at home.

Place: Speaker A:
Speaker B: Function:

*** Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. This medicine is safe. There are no ...
a- top effects b- side effects
c- lacks d- waste
2. I'm going to have lunch with friends tomorrow. We are at the restaurant at 12.30.
a- going to meet b- would meet
c- will meet d- meet
3. The between Cairo and my town is 650 kilometres.
a- district b- area c- distance d- space
4. It is hard to walk in space because there is no

- a- gravity b- water c- spin d- air
5. In Britain, children secondary school from the age of 11.
a- go b- intend c- share d- attend
6. Most furniture from wood.
a- made b- is made c- make d- makes
7. Many people vegetables in their gardens.
a- growing b- are grown
c- grow d- is grown
8. In very hot weather, ice cream turns to
9. We call oil and coal fuels.
a- fossil b- old c- renewable d- waste
10. She an archaeologist when she leaves university. That is her plan.
a- will become b- am becoming
c- is going to become d- become
11. He is flying to London at the weekend. His flight at 5.30 in the morning.
a- leaving b- leaves c- left d- leave
12. We don't have time. We'll have to hurry.
a- many b- some c- a lot d- much
13. My friend and I look very different, but our personalities are
14. Six months half a year.
a- are b- is c- be d- am
15. The walls of the were built to protect the town.
a- pyramid b- mausoleum c- castle d- house
16. I am writing that my teacher asked for.
a- essay b- a essay
c- the essay d- that essay
17. I expect I you at the weekend.
a- am going to see b- am seeing
c- will see d- see
18. After the accident, the doctor her to check she was not injured.
a- examined b- looked at
c- tested d- studied
19. Do you have free time this afternoon?
a- a b- the c- any d- any
20. We went to the opening of a new school last week. It was a very interesting
21. Petrol from oil.
a- made b- is made
c- makes d- are made
22. Wind and wave power are types of energy.
a- new b- waste c- renewable d- cheap
23. When I was younger, I go swimming every day.
a- usually b- used c- use d- used to
24. My sister at university for three years. She comes home every weekend.
a- is b- has been
c- is being d- had been
25. The police think he did it. He is the main
26. I really enjoy reading Agatha Christie novels. I particularly like her
27. It that air travel will become more popular in the future.
a- is thought b- was thought
c- thought d- thinks
28. He did nothing wrong. He's
29. If he doesn't get eight hours sleep every night, he really tired the next day.
a- will feel b- feels
c- would feel d- is feeling
30. If I have any free time tomorrow, I for a walk in the park.
a- I went b- I go c- I'd go d- I'll go
31. The piano is our favourite musical ...
a- tool b- instrument
c- equipment d- device

32. Her uncle can't remember his accident. The doctor thinks he may have ...
a - a headache b - phobia c - amnesia d - injury
33. Don't worry, I'm sure ... them again soon.
a - you see b - you're seeing c - you'll see d - you're going to see
34. Wanting friends is part of human ...
a - nature b - conflict c - will d - life
35. They have just received this photo as an e-mail ...
a - post b - attachment c - letter d - part
36. Lightning is a dangerous but natural ...
a - sight b - response c - eclipse d - phenomenon
37. She didn't see her brother this morning. He ... the flat very early.
a - must have left b - must leave c - can't have left d - can't leave
38. He left his glasses at school yesterday. I'm hoping someone ... found them.
a - must have b - might have c - can't have d - can have
39. The quickest way for Sawson to get to school is to ... a train.
a - go b - bring c - come d - take
40. That plant has been ... so that it gets lots of light.
a - explored b - raised c - positioned d - put
41. Taha's mother asked him where ...
a - he had been b - had he been c - has he been d - he has been
42. She promised she ... me as soon as the plane landed.
a - will phone b - phoned c - would phone d - phones
43. Is that someone ... on our door? I'll see who it is.
a - hitting b - knocking c - smashing d - beating
44. Their uncle is a scientist. He's ... research into new forms of energy.
a - making b - taking c - getting d - doing
45. If you ... earlier, you wouldn't have missed your train.
a - had left b - leave c - would have left d - left
46. ... you work harder, you'll fail your exam.
a - If b - Unless c - When d - As
47. I'm hot today. How about ... to the beach?
a - gone b - going c - went d - go
48. Accidents ... more frequently when the roads are busy.
a - take part b - come in c - cause d - occur
49. You'll have to hurry. Your lesson ... in half an hour.
a - is going to start b - starts c - will start d - start
50. That tower is one of the town's most famous ...
a - landmarks b - marks c - events d - products
51. I'd like to get a job in the medical ...
a - work b - career c - occupation d - profession
52. I wish I ... where I left my jacket.
a - know b - had known c - knew d - could know
53. Heba wishes she ... all her money that weekend.
a - didn't spend b - doesn't spend c - hasn't spent d - hadn't spent
54. My brother ... his ambition when he became a doctor.
a - achieved b - won c - got d - made
55. After the storm, there was a huge ... of water on the roads.
a - floods b - numbers c - amount d - lot
56. Sara felt ill all night because she ... too much the day before.
a - had eaten b - was eating c - eats d - has eaten
57. Hamdi was very tired yesterday evening because he ... for a school test all day.
a - has revised b - had been revising c - revised d - revising
58. I really ... to very loud music in public places.
a - disagree b - argue c - can't stand d - object
59. Ahmed's friends didn't ... him when he returned from a year abroad. He looked so different.
a - recognise b - remember c - see d - look
60. My friend suggested ... for a picnic in the park.
a - go b - to go c - going d - goes
61. We're planning ... to Europe for our holiday next year.
a - flying b - to fly c - fly d - to flying
62. In some countries, people ... the end of the year on December 31st.
a - enjoy b - celebrate c - have fun d - party
63. In our town, there are musicians who play ... music.
a - tradition b - national c - folk d - historical
64. Whose ... is it to make sure children arrive safely at school?
a - responsible b - responsibility c - response d - respond
65. Five pounds ... a lot for a cup of coffee.
a - are b - cost c - pay d - is
66. In some countries, people use a passport instead of ... card.
a - an identity b - a personal c - a national d - an individual
67. Sayed ... the train. He was at the station half an hour before the train left.
a - can't miss b - can't have missed c - must have missed d - didn't miss
68. My friend advised me to see a doctor. I wish I ... her advice now.
a - took b - take c - had taken d - have taken
69. Did they ever discover the ... of the fire?
a - reason b - purpose c - explanation d - cause
70. My sister promised ... me after school this afternoon.
a - meeting b - to meet c - met d - meet
71. I've just finished a novel ... the main character is an 80-year-old man.
a - which b - in which c - who d - whose
72. Have you heard? They've discovered a/an ... new treatment for flu.
a - effective b - useless c - real d - cruel
73. She ... sport as a very important part of her life.
a - thinks b - believes c - regards d - looks
74. On ... that he had passed his driving test, Taha was very happy.
a - heard b - he heard c - to hear d - hearing
75. There was great ... when our team won the football match.
a - procession b - imprisonment c - excitement d - attachment
76. He wasn't getting enough exercise, ... he joined a sports club.
a - because b - although c - and d - so
77. I've seen an interesting article on the internet which I have ... onto my computer.
a - received b - done c - downloaded d - written
78. By this time next week, the exam results will ...
a - have been published b - have published c - publish d - be publishing
79. I like that photograph on your computer ...
a - glass b - screen c - film d - front
80. Nader is really ... about all kinds of sport. He loves playing and watching it.
a - interested b - active c - enthusiastic d - keen
81. In some modern homes, water ... by energy from the sun.
a - are heated b - heat c - is heated d - is heating
82. My daily ... starts when my alarm clock goes off at 6.30.
a - routine b - habit c - custom d - way
83. There's water all over the floor. Someone ... to turn off the shower.
a - must forget b - must have forgotten c - can't have forgotten d - can have forgotten
84. Her parents ... have meetings with the teachers at her school.
a - totally b - gradually c - slowly d - regularly
85. My brother and I have just had a phone conversation ... we discussed our holiday plans.
a - which b - in which c - what d - to which
86. At the weekend, my aunt asked me what I ... since we last met.
a - did b - was doing c - have done d - had been doing
87. Teachers are always encouraging their students to be ... and hard-working.
a - conventional b - common c - confusing d - conscientious
88. He wanted to know whether anyone ... the book he was reading.
a - had seen b - has seen c - sees d - saw
89. My sister hasn't finished her course yet. She's still ...
a - a trainer b - an employee c - an employer d - a trainee
90. The best writers force their readers ... about serious questions.
a - to think b - thinking c - thought d - think
91. A new supermarket in our town was opened by a well-known ... yesterday.
a - celebrity b - famous c - character d - somebody
92. I think someone may have ... today's newspaper by mistake.
a - wasted b - thrown c - refused d - thrown away
93. I really ... phone my parents to tell them I'm going to be late home today.
a - need b - must c - can d - could
94. At her first school, she ... to wear a blue uniform.
a - had b - must c - could d - has
95. He is thinking of ... on a Business Studies course at the local college.
a - entering b - applying c - enrolling d - beginning
96. Pupils don't have to pay for their books. The school ... them.
a - pays b - provides c - takes d - affords
97. Millions of people watched the rocket ... on TV.
a - start b - launch c - set off d - beginning
98. The medicine I'm taking is wonderful. It has no side ...
a - results b - damage c - effects d - problems
99. My brother and I are not twins, but we are very ...
a - alike b - same c - like d - correct
100. Coal and oil are two kinds of fossil ...
a - petrol b - gas c - energy d - fuels
101. Electricity is produced in a/an ... station.
a - bus b - railway c - power d - energy
102. I expect ... you at the weekend.
a - I'm going to see b - I'll see c - I'm seeing d - I see
103. The film ... at 7.30 this evening.
a - starts b - will start c - is going to start d - started
104. How ... times have you seen that film?
a - many b - much c - lots d - different
105. The distance from here to Cairo ... two kilometers.
a - are b - has been c - is d - is being
106. In some places, wood ... to hear people's homes.
a - are burnt b - burns c - burnt d - is burnt
107. When I was at school I won a poetry writing ...
a - race b - article c - competition d - game
108. She sent me the report as an e-mail ...
a - attachment b - letter c - picture d - article
109. The little girl does not want to sing because she is ...
a - innocent b - secret c - shy d - shy
110. My favourite musical ... is the piano.
a - player b - instrument c - tool d - equipment
111. The cover of my book is made of ...
a - glass b - rubber c - cardboard d - wood
112. We arrived half an hour late. The film ... half an hour earlier.
a - began b - was beginning c - had begun d - has begun
113. Agatha Christie's books ... into more than 40 languages.
a - have been translated b - have translated c - translated d - were being translated

114. The Romans Petra nearly two thousand years ago.

- a- have captured b- were captured
c- captured d- had captured

115. Your train leaves in ten minutes. If you hurry, you it.

- a- catch b- will catch
c- would catch d- are catching

116. If I am thirsty, water.

- a- will drink b- I would drink
c- I am drinking d- I drank

117. Too much sun can be

- a- respectable b- harmful
c- unthinkable d- in conflict

118. We on the door three times, but they did not hear us.

- a- visited b- called
c- hit d- knocked

119. Nurses are part of the medical

- a- profession b- work
c- job d- cares

120. I get on well with all my ... at work, but they are not close friends.

- a- people b- workers
c- colleagues d- relatives

121. The accident at eight o'clock when everyone was on their way to work.

- a- occurred b- took
c- came d- caused

122. They left two hours ago, so they arrived by now. It is not far.

- a- must b- must have
c- have d- can't have

123. No one is sure where Ali is, but we think he ... gone to see his uncle.

- a- must b- can't have
c- might have d- must have

124. She asked me whether there before.

- a- I had been b- I went
c- I go d- had I been

125. If ... for too long, I get a headache.

- a- I'll read b- I would read
c- I had read d- I read

126. If you had come ten minutes later, I

- a- would leave b- will leave
c- would have left d- leave

127. I'm sorry, I didn't you. You look completely different.

- a- see b- recognise
c- realise d- position

128. Most secondary school teachers in one or two subjects.

- a- specialise b- concentrate
c- achieve d- work

129. Experiments are used to test scientific

- a- thoughts b- processes
c- models d- theories

130. We're my brother's birthday next weekend.

- a- enjoying b- remembering
c- celebrating d- developing

131. My favourite when I play football is goalkeeper.

- a- place b- point
c- location d- position

132. I wish I what I was doing at the weekend.

- a- know b- have known
c- knew d- was knowing

133. My sister wishes she harder when she was at school.

- a- had worked b- worked
c- works d- has worked

134. The children were covered in sand when they got home. They on the beach.

- a- were playing b- have been playing
c- played d- had been playing

135. By the time we arrived home, we over 500 kilometers.

- a- travelled b- had travelled
c- have travelled d- are travelling

136. I expect my driving test when I take it next year.

- a- pass b- to pass
c- passing d- to passing

137. My parents have always me to keep fit by playing sports.

- a- warned b- agreed
c- encouraged d- argued

138. When you pass your test, you'll get a driving

- a- permission b- licence
c- paper d- certificate

139. He does not want to live a life. He would prefer excitement and adventure.

- a- conventional b- daily
c- interesting d- exciting

140. Their television is very dirty.

- a- window b- glass
c- gadget d- screen

141. books used to be very cheap.

- a- Paper b- Paperback
c- Cardboard d- Hard

142. Florence Nightingale, ... was born in Italy, went to school in England.

- a- which b- where
c- that d- who

143. My uncle went to a school in London, he learned to speak English well.

- a- which b- where
c- who d- that

144. I went to the bank this morning ... I needed to take out some money.

- a- so b- although
c- because d- and

145. I've felt really tired today, I went to bed early last night.

- a- because b- so
c- despite d- although

146. I hope that by the end of next week, our roof will have been

- a- repair b- repairing
c- repaired d- repairs

147. My cousin is very She loves meeting and talking to new people.

- a- well-organised b- conscientious
c- sociable d- ambitious

148. People understand what I'm saying when I speak Spanish, but I'm not

- a- fluent b- ideal
c- mature d- qualified

149. The girl tried to me to lend her my phone. But I refused.

- a- treat b- enrol
c- provide d- persuade

150. One of the supermarkets in our town has 25

- a- employers b- employees
c- applicants d- merchants

151. The school every student with books, so you don't have to buy any yourself.

- a- gives b- trains
c- provides d- lends

152. Aisha's parents asked her she had finished her homework.

- a- whether b- where
c- if d- to

153. My friend's parents have invited me on holiday with them next year.

- a- for b- go
c- going d- to go

154. Ali's doctor advised to stay at home if he was feeling ill.

- a- he b- him
c- it d- his

155. If it isn't too hot tomorrow, I go swimming.

- a- should b- must
c- can't d- might

156. They be at school by eight o'clock every day. School starts at eight.

- a- have to b- should
c- might d- can

* Find the mistake in each of the following sentences. Then write it correctly:

1. She's going meet her sister in town.

2. I fixed the lake in the petrol tank.

3. How many time do I need to drive to the city centre?

4. Oil and gas are find under the ground.

5. Water is the solid forma of ice.

6. The married team went to Italy on their honeymoon.

7. I need to get fit, so I've made a decision. I do more exercise.

8. The Prisoner of Zenda was wrote by Anthony Hope.

9. We moved to this house two years ago today, so we lived here for exactly two years.

10. Before I entered the university, I had to show my credit card.

11. If you heat water, it melts.

12. Ra'fat El-Haggan and Goma'a El-Shawwan were very famous Egyptian kings.

13. Let's try to find them. They can't have went very far.

14. Teachers and supervisors belong to the teaching confession.

15. He asked me if saw his newspaper.

16. The statue of Ramses II is a very important Ancient Egyptian magnet.

17. People can waste lots of money by using the underground.

18. The accident wouldn't happen if he hadn't been using his mobile phone.

19. I want to make some sandwiches. Have we got a bread?

20. Soha shouldn't eat too many sweets because she is diabetic.

21. I asked my mother whether had she seen my English book.

22. Sylvia is on a low-fat diet because recently she's lost of weight.

23. She has always enjoyed to go to the theatre.

24. Alfred Farag is a famous Egyptian play write.

25. When I have nothing to do, I feel really boring.

26. The person who's job is to clean the school is not here today. He's ill.

27. When Umm Kalthoum died, thousands of people attended her wedding.

28. You should reinvent paper, rather than throw it away.

29. Some people believe that in the future, water will use as a fuel for cars.

30. Despite he is 68, my grandfather is still working.

31. I wish I can read more quickly.

32. She asked her friend whether she had finished her homework.

33. My parents have invited one of my friends stay for the weekend.

34. When Wagdy was five years old, he was sting by a scorpion.

35. I need to go to the university to buy some medicine.

36. A civil servant is someone who works for the army.

37. It is believed that the sun is made of hot liquids.

38. The heavy rain has caused fleets in our country.

39. Rich and advanced countries have strong econcrets.

40. My elder siber studies economy at the university.

41. There was an electric storm last night.

42. People who use the computer or sit in front of the television for a long time sometimes have poor site.

43. There was draught because there was no roln for a long time.

44. Smoke and dust blocked off the rays of the sun.

45. He made this experiment to test his theory.

46. Up till now, scientists couldn't find a cure for cancer.

47. During photosynthesis, the oxygen is trapped back into the air.

48. The doctor didn't know what was wrong with my sister, so he sent her to a special.

49. He takes insulin injections regularly as he suffers from suger.

50. His laziness was the main reason of his failure.

51. Scientists often do experiments to prove a particular theorist.

52. There is no reason of his delay.

53. She works hard at school to chef her goal in life.

54. A professor gives lessons at the university.

55. They've had some difficulty raising financial for their project.

56. Most children enjoy adventurous of stories.

57. Are a kilo of iron equal to a kilo of feathers? Of course, they are both a kilo.

58. Their constant debating of politics bores me.

59. Yesterday, my brother giving me a new soccer ball for my birthday.

60. Soha, who is now in university, had written poetry since primary school.

61. Eventually, you will had to give up your playful ways and get to work.

62. This novel was writing by Yehia Haqqi.

63. While Youssef was waiting for the bus, it starts to rain.

64. Before he took the medicine, he feels very ill.

65. One Thousand and One Night has retold many times and on many continents.

66. The plumber tells us not to turn on the water until the tank has been fixed.

67. Musa was wrongly called a crime when he punched the man for hitting a dog.

68. We looked at a lot of houses, but we couldn't identify the one we saw before.

69. Before he become a writer, he had worked as a lawyer.

70. Some of these children knows the difference between right and wrong.

71. Hamlet is a classic that was wrote by William Shakespeare.

72. The famous glass pyramid at the Louvre Museum is designed by I.M. Pei in the 1980s.

73. How did the lawyer manage to prove George's innocent?

74. Half of the pets had gone missing before I was assign the duty to take care of them.

75. Tarek plays the piano and three other musical tools.

76. If the climate is rainy, the rings on a tree grow faster.

Reading Comprehension

(1) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The first paper book was produced in the ninth century. Electronic books have taken few more centuries to emerge. Despite the invention of CD-ROMs, they have not really become popular. The major problem with e-books is that reading on screen is hard on the eyes and takes more effort, yet e-books have some advantages. One of their advantages is that you get instant delivery from your web bookshop to your e-book - a small device on which you can store hundreds of book files. E-technology allows you to have an entire library on your PC. Another advantage of e-books is that children can listen to unfamiliar words pronounced for them as they read.

The e-book will revolutionise the economics of the publishing industry. The cost of publishing books will certainly fall as a result of savings on materials, labour, manufacturing and distribution. In addition, a lot of trees will be saved and in a few years it will be possible to establish public libraries for e-books.

بقية مراجعة ليلية الامتحان فى اللغة الإنجليزية .. لثالثة ثانوى (ص ٤, ٣, ٢)

A) Answer the following questions:

- How long ago was the first paper book produced?
- How will electronic books revolutionise the economics of the publishing industry?
- According to the writer, how will a lot of trees be saved?

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- The underlined word "instant" means
 - involving a lot of work
 - pressing
 - generous
 - happening immediately
- The underlined word "they" refers to ...
 - e-books
 - book files
 - paper files
 - CD-ROMs

The Mask of Gold*** Answer the following questions:**

- What were Leila's achievements in Peru?
- What was Leila's love of adventure?
- Give example of Leila's bravery.
- How was Leila a girl of principles and honest?
- Prove that Leila was a promising girl.
- How was Leila observant?
- Leila was helpful and had a strong sense of duty. Explain.
- Give an example of Leila's gratitude.
- How was Leila suspicious?
- How was Leila curious?
- How was Leila sympathetic?
- Prove that Leila was somehow careless.
- How far was Leila lucky in the story?
- What was the job of Dr. Hafez?
- What was his previous experience?
- What was Dr. Hafez's work in Peru?
- Show Dr. Hafez's sense of leadership.
- Give an example to show Dr. Hafez was resourceful.
- Give examples of Dr. Hafez's understanding of human nature.
- What was Amalia's job?
- Describe Amalia's character.
- Speak about Amalia's work experience.
- Explain Amalia's professional jealousy.
- How did Amalia's jealousy turn into evil?
- Prove that Amalia was a woman of conscience.
- How were the Incas and the ancient Egyptians similar in the ways they buried their dead?
- How were the Incas and the Ancient Egyptians different in the ways they buried their dead?
- What happened to Leila and Amalia when they were on their way to Acomayo?
- Why did Dr. Hafez suspect Martin Lander?
- What made Dr. Hafez ask Leila to be careful about what she said?

*** Read the following quotations then answer the questions:**

1. "I'm sorry I thought badly of you."

- Who said this to whom?
- Why did the speaker think badly of her?

2. "Goodness me! It looks like the pattern of stone blocks at the Chimu king's tomb".

- By whom was this Inca site discovered?
- How was it confirmed?

3. "She needs a hospital quickly."

- Who is the speaker talking about?
- Why does she need hospital?

4. "Not many people know about it, so, yes, it is sort of secret"

- Who said this to whom?
- What is she talking about?

5. "Are you sure it is a good idea for me to be in charge of a team?"

- Who said this to whom?
- What was the speaker chosen to be?

6. "And the Incas did something else that the Ancient Egyptians never did."

- Who said this to whom?
- What was that thing?

7. "United Mining operations in Peru ended in 1999."

- Where were these words seen?
- Why did she do so?

8. "I thought I recognized the man you were talking to"

- Who said this to whom?

- Who was the man the speaker had recognized?

9. "I told him that the police had caught Martin Lander."

- Who was the speaker?
- Why did he say this?

10. "You must save yourself. Leave me here."

- When did Amalia tell Leila these words?
- Why did she ask Leila to do so?

*** Complete the following sentences:**

- When Dr. Hafez read the papers Leila brought for him,
- The experience Dr. Hafez and Leila gained in the valley of the Nobles
- Amalia Guzman was
- Leila worked with Dr. Hafez before in
- The Incas allowed the Chimu kings to rule their own people provided that
- The Incas sacrificed their children so as to
- Leila thought Amalia didn't like her because
- As soon as Leila saw Amalia with Lander at the café
- Dr. Hafez wasn't suspicious of Amalia because
- Dr. Hafez praised Amalia because
- If they found a gold mask,
- When Leila discovered the gold llama, Dr. Hafez insisted on
- When Leila returned to the tomb,
- Martin Lander trapped Leila inside the tomb by pulling the ladder up
- The gold mask looked like
- Amalia had put the gold rabbit among Leila's clothes so that
- Because of her Jealousy of Leila, Amalia ...
- Leila was put into a police cell for
- Leila was set free when
- The accident happened to Leila and Amalia because

Writing (Paragraph)**1. Write a paragraph of "100" words about:****The role of youth**

It's worthy to say that the youth are the backbone of all nations because they are the present and the future of their countries. Hopes and ambitions are achieved by hard work and strong will not by dreams therefore our youth should do their best to realize their hopes and ambitions. The youth should first work hard to achieve success. When they graduate from their universities, they have duties towards their society. They can share in the social work by working in the co-operative field. They can share in abolishing illiteracy in our villages. They can take part in reclaiming the desert to increase food production. They can join the army to defend their country in case there is war. They can also help a lot in solving any problems in their society.

We should bear in mind that the progress of any nation depends on its youth. The youth can take part in the industrial and agricultural projects. They should avoid smoking and practise sports to become fit. The youth are tomorrow's leaders, so the government should encourage them to be productive by providing them with job opportunities. Finally, we can extract that we should be positive and do our best to rebuild our country and achieve welfare and prosperity.

2. Write a paragraph of "100" words about:**Lifelong Learning**

Lifelong learning means learning that goes on for life, from the time you leave full time education until after you retire. It is said "Never too old to learn". So we should gain knowledge from womb to tomb. This is necessary because the world of work is changing constantly. To remain employable, one must be good at the job one occupies and must acquire many other skills to enable to apply for any other posts in the future.

One should expect change in one's future career. This can happen when one seeks another promising career. The everchanging economic requirements impose upon the individuals to be ready to join any post. That is to be risky, adventurous and ambitious. So, they have to be ready and

fully qualified for any other posts.

**3. Write a paragraph of '100' words about:
Tourists and how to attract them to
Egypt**

Tourists from Europe and America come to Egypt for many purposes. They have heard and read about the glorious past history of the pharaohs. When they come in winter they take great pleasure in seeing the pyramids, the sphinx, the temples and other ancient remains. Their study of Egypt's history gives them endless enjoyment.

When tourists visit Egypt and its winter resorts they spend a lot of money, and give chances for work and gaining money to many people. Well-furnished hotels have been prepared for tourists of all classes. Their stay is to be made comfortable and enjoyable. Therefore, trained tourists guides accompany tourists who are also protected by tourist police. All facilities are given to tourists to visit Egypt.

**4. Write a paragraph of '100' words about:
Science & Scientific Research**

There is no doubt that we live in the age of science and technology. Much of our progress is result of them. If we look at the latest discoveries in medicine, engineering, and space travel computer and the internet are the inventions that make every thing possible. The invention of planes and cars have led to great progress in transport. They made the world as if it is a global village. Another, many of the luxury goods we have make our lives more comfortable and easier. In a word, science is the way to advance.

**5. Write a paragraph of '100' words about:
Water shortage**

In the next few decades, a lot of countries are expected to face water shortage. This problem often results from over-population and the abuse of irrigation water. Egypt is among those countries that will suffer from lack of water. Some of the Nile Basin countries are building dams over the Nile to generate electricity that will probably reduce the third of Egypt's share of water. Yet, we've got several solutions to overcome this serious crisis. First, we must rationalize our water consumption. Second, modern ways of irrigation have to be used to preserve water. Third, we can depend on the underground water to satisfy our needs. Moreover, birth rate has to be cut down. In this way, water wasted aimlessly can be saved for the coming generation.

**6. Write a paragraph of '100' words about:
The reasons why I like my job**

Sometimes I ask myself what if I wasn't an engineer. Really, I've always decided to be an engineer. The reason why I like this job is that I meet all kinds of people that makes me gain good experience in dealing with others. Also, I find this job different everyday as I am not chained to the same chair doing the same routine. Moreover, despite working outside in the heat with the noise of heavy machines around me, I am proud to be helping to build the renaissance of my country. I work on a lot of useful projects such as planning roads, building bridges and dams. These projects will help to make Egypt richer, and that will be good for our children and grandchildren. In a word, for these reasons I can't imagine myself in another job.

**7. Write a paragraph of '100' words about:
Qualities that make a good leader**

Leadership is very important to all societies. A person needs certain leadership qualities to be a successful leader. A good leader is some one who has a strong personality. He must be able to take the right decision at the right time. A good leader must be wise and patient. He should be able to understand others quickly. He should be self-confident and intelligent. He should be kind and helpful. He should be co-operative and sociable. He should consult other members in his group. He should respect his group members and treat them in a friendly way. A good leader is someone who is ambitious and optimistic. He should defend the rights of his group. He should be responsible, generous and reliable.

Writing (Letter)

* Write a letter of about 100 words to Tom asking him to visit Egypt next summer as one of the most civilized countries in the Middle East.

Dear Tom,

How nice it was to hear from you. I hope that you are well and sound better. No one knows how happy and pleased I am the moment I am writing to you. I'd like to invite you to visit Egypt next summer. If you ask me, you should visit Egypt as one of the most civilized countries in the Middle East and it's full of historic monuments with great and long history.

Looking forward to seeing you
Best wishes

Yours,
Hesham.

Writing (E-mail)

* Write an e-mail to your friend Tom to invite him to visit Egypt after the great event of 25th revolution, tell him that he will enjoy his visit as Egypt is the country of safe and safety and places he can visit. Your name is Ali.

Dear Tom,

I am very happy to send you this e-mail. How are you and your family. I send you this e-mail to invite you to visit Egypt next summer. I think you will enjoy your visit to Egypt and enjoy everything after the 25th revolution. You can visit a lot of interesting places in Cairo, Luxor and Aswan. You can enjoy walking in our streets safely as Egypt is the country of safe and safety. I will be happy if you accept this invitation.

Best wishes,
Ali

Translation

*** Translate into English**

1. تتطلب الظروف الحالية أن نتجنب لتسارع التزايد السكاني.
2. تقدم قطاع صغير من المجتمع.
3. إن زيادة الإنتاج هي السبيل الوحيد الذي يساعدنا على حل الكثير من مشكلاتنا الاقتصادية.
4. لتأثر السياحة تأثراً كبيراً بالأحداث الجارية في العالم.
5. تصير ككل الدول المحبة للسلام إلى عالم يسوده السلام والتعاون.
6. نعتب الأديان على السلام والرحمة والتعايش السلمي.
7. مصر بلد الأمن والأمان لا فرق بين مسلم ومسيحي.
8. يقوم العلماء بأبحاث عديدة للاستفادة القصوى من مصادر الطاقة المتجددة كطاقة الرياح والطاقة النووية.
9. إن زيادة الإنتاج أصبح واجب وطني حتى يمكننا مواجهة مشكلة تزايد السكان والبطالة في مصر.
10. إن قوى كثيرة - القومية ودولية - تنظر إلى تماسك الشعب المصري بعينين مختلفتين.
11. تفضل قضية تصنيف الناس من التفضيل الذي يحدثه نشر الأخبار الكاذبة هي أهم قضية تتعلق بمهنة الصحافة.
12. لقد وهب الله مصر كثيراً من المصادر الطبيعية فو أحسن استفادتها أصبحت من أغنى الدول.
13. الفروع من وادي النيل الضيق واستصلاح الصحراء هما أملنا الوحيد في حياة أفضل للأجيال القادمة.
14. لقد أنهت الحكومة المصرية خطة تأسيس عاصمة جديدة لأن هذا هو الحل الوحيد لشوارح القاهرة المزدهرة فالعاصمة الجديدة ستصبح موطن لكل المنشآت الحكومية وهذا ضرورة للمحرك نحو اللامركزية.
15. لقد أهدت الانتخابات البرلمانية والرئاسية أن كمثل مواطن في مصر حر في اتخاذ قراره ويمكنه أن يختار الشخص الذي يثق في أن يمثله لذلك يجب أن نكون حريصين جميعاً على النجاح هذه التجربة الديمقراطية.
16. يجب أن نبذل تضاريف جديداً من أجل انتعاش السياحة مرة أخرى.
17. علينا أن نشجع السياحة الداخلية لنهوض ما حدثت للسياحة الخارجية.
18. تعتبر مدينة زويل للعلوم والتكنولوجيا في مصر مشروع قومي للنهضة العلمية طمنا أنها مدينة متكاملة للعلوم والبحث.

الأحد ١٠ يونيو ٢٠١٢

الامتحان وننتجته

- ١٨- حرية التعبير بحاجة ولكن دون جرح مشاعر الآخرين.
- ١٩- الهجرة الشرعية هي حق لكل مواطن وتكفي الهجرة للفقير شرعية لعرضه لمخاطر كثيرة.
- ٢٠- أن قضية إصلاح التعليم من أخطر القضايا التي تواجه المجتمع المصري حيث إن البحث العلمي أحد ركائز الأمن القومي.
- ٢١- خسرت مصر جزءاً هاماً جداً من تاريخها الثقافي والتراثي التي نشأت في المجتمع العلمي المصري.
- ٢٢- لقد عاد موطع العنق التقليدية للماشية في مصر، مما أدى إلى زرع المزارعين.
- ٢٣- ينبغي أن يركز التعليم في مدارسنا وجامعاتنا بمتطلبات سوق العمل.
- ٢٤- علينا أن نتسلح بوسائل التقدم العلمي لتواكب الدول المتقدمة.
- ٢٥- ستشهد السنوات القادمة نسوا متعاقباً في التسوق عبر الإنترنت.
- ٢٦- على القائد أن يتعلم بصفتها الصبر والتضامن والحكمة والعدل.
- ٢٧- يجب علينا تشجيع المنتج المحلي بغلق المزيد من فرص العمل ونشاط الاقتصاد.
- ٢٨- مسؤولية كل مصري تجاه الأجيال والأرض صغيرة فهي تقبل من نسبة التوثق للبيبي.
- ٢٩- إن الطاقة البرية مصدر خير للإنسان إذا أحسن استغلالها.

* Translate into Arabic:

- Our youth are our hope for a shining future as they have a national duty towards their society. They have to take part in the development plans such as invading the deserts and abolishing illiteracy. That's why the government gives them due care to create good citizens useful for their country.
- The government has paid every attention to tourism, not only because it is one of the principal sources of national income and hard currency, but also because it is a very effective means of giving information about the modern renaissance of the country. Tourism is the best way to better understanding between nations. This is why the government has taken measures to encourage tourism.
- Some of the most important aims of education are to build the Egyptian citizen who is able to face the future and to create a productive society. Education also aims at preparing a generation of scientists able to stand up to the monopoly of science and technology by some countries. This will lead to advance and prosperity.
- National unity in Egypt and good relations between Muslims and Copts is not a slogan but rather a tangible reality reflected in the unique experience of the people. Differences that emerge from time to time are only natural and can even happen within the same family whether Muslim or Christian.
- Egypt has always been the first country in the Nile basin to seek taming the longest river in the world in order to achieve the utmost benefit for the sake of the Egyptians. As a result, Egypt had a futuristic view towards making use of any waste of water.
- Food for all is the major problem of the world today. A hungry world is never likely to be a peaceful one. Unrest through the world most frequently has its main cause in dissatisfaction with that part of the standard of living connected with food.
- It is important to take care of the world around us. If we destroy the environment, our children won't be able to enjoy it. Our heritage is very valuable.
- To remain employable, individual must be good at the jobs they are doing and predict what skills they may need in the future. In today's world, lifelong learning helps people to get these skills.
- Egypt is the waiting of the efforts of its sons scientists and the people of thought and creativity and is looking forward to the faithful to lead the executive to take effective steps to meet the demands in the range of possibilities.
- The Egyptian economy has been hit by a series of labor strikes, political unrest, the absence of security and the sharp deterioration of the value of the Egyptian currency.
- Reforming the system of education in Egypt is essential. Through a modern educational system, we can prepare successive generations of citizens capable of contributing to the country's progress and of preserving its cultural heritage and moral values.
- Terminating the contract of exporting gas to Israel is far better than increasing the

price since it is ridiculous to export natural gas at marginal prices and import other petroleum products at international prices to fill the gap of domestic consumption.

- The Ultras are the football power boys confirmed themselves as a dominant factor in and out of stadiums. The unique and enthusiastic support and joyful atmosphere they brought to soccer matches became a motive for the players to achieve winning.
- Anthony Hope was a well-educated English lawyer who started writing in his free time. He wrote short stories for magazines. He wrote his first novel in 1890, and his most famous novel was "The Prisoner of Zenda".
- Other countries depend on nuclear power-power produced when atoms split. However, nuclear power produces dangerous waste which must be stored for thousand of years before it is safe. Accidents at nuclear power stations are extremely dangerous to people's health and to the environment.

Model Answers

* Respond to each of the following situations:

- I wish I were better at history.
- I learnt a lot but I wish I had taken more photos.
- Let me help you cross the road.
- Would you like me to go to the club with you?
- I'd really appreciate that. Thanks.
- What kind of music do you like?
- I'm a big fan of folk music.
- I can't stand modern music.
- I wish I knew more English words.
- Would you like me to help?
- I'm very keen on historical novels.
- Because I'd like to be an engineer.
- Can you tell me why you were late for school?
- I was busy all day.
- Can you tell me why you have decided to move house?
- If you don't take care, you will fall off the ladder.
- Don't worry. I'll do my best.
- What are gadgets?
- No, I don't think they will.
- For two reasons. Firstly, it keeps me fit, and secondly I like being with my friends.
- Watch out There's a car coming.
- If you don't work harder, you'll get low marks.
- Yes, they'll definitely continue.
- Yes, that would be no problem.
- Could you tell / give me your phone number and e-mail address, please?
- Why are you applying for a new job?
- Can't I persuade you to read "The Grapes of Wrath" by Steinbeck?
- I need to improve my maths skills.
- What qualifications do you have already?
- What about doing a distance learning course?
- Thank you. That's a good / great idea.
- I regret not helping my mother yesterday.
- That's very kind of you.
- I'm very sorry I forgot to thank you for the present.
- Because I can read the news on it all the time and I can keep in touch with my friends easily.
- What qualifications and experience do you have?
- The main reason is that a friend has recommended this company to me.
- Can you explain what distance learning is?

* Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following:

- Place: Police station.
Speaker A: Taxi driver.
Speaker B: Police officer.
Function: Giving information and reporting something.

- Place: Street/ Highway.
Speaker A: Traffic police officer.
Speaker B: Motorist.
Function: Asking and giving explanation about a car accident.

- Place: Airport
Speaker A: Son
Speaker B: Father
Function: Inquiring.

- Place: Science lab.
Speaker A: Science teacher
Speaker B: Students.
Function: Making request.

5. Place: Plane.
Speaker A: Air hostess
Speaker B: Passenger
Function: Making excuse and giving explanation.

6. Place: Office / Company.
Speaker A: Manager.
Speaker B: Secretary.
Function: Asking for information.

7. Place: Bookshop.
Speaker A: Salesman.
Speaker B: Customer.
Function: Offering help.

8. Place: Home.
Speaker A: Mother.
Speaker B: Son.
Function: Making request.

9. Place: Street.
Speaker A: Tourist.
Speaker B: Citizen.
Function: Inquiring and asking for direction.

10. Place: Classroom.
Speaker A: Student.
Speaker B: Classmate.
Function: Expressing necessity.

* Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. b. side effects | 2. a. going to meet |
| 3. c. distance | 4. a. gravity |
| 5. d. attend | 6. b. is made |
| 7. c. grow | 8. c. liquid |
| 9. a. fossil | |
| 10. c. is going to become | |
| 11. b. leaves | 12. d. much |
| 13. a. alike | 14. b. is |
| 15. c. castle | 16. c. the essay |
| 17. c. I'll see | 18. a. examined |
| 19. d. any | 20. a. occasion |
| 21. b. is made | 22. c. renewable |
| 23. d. used to | 24. b. has been |
| 25. a. suspect | 26. b. style |
| 27. a. is thought | 28. c. innocent |
| 29. b. feels | 30. d. I'll go |
| 31. b. instrument | 32. c. amnesia |
| 33. c. you'll see | 34. a. nature |
| 35. b. attachment | 36. a. phenomenon |
| 37. a. must have left | 38. b. might have |
| 39. d. take | 40. c. positioned |
| 41. a. he had been | 42. a. will phone |
| 43. b. knocking | 44. d. doing |
| 45. a. had left | 46. b. Unless |
| 47. b. going | 48. d. occur |
| 49. b. starts | 50. a. landmarks |
| 51. d. profession | 52. c. knew |
| 53. d. hadn't spent | 54. a. achieved |
| 55. c. amount | 56. a. had eaten |
| 57. b. had been revising | |
| 58. d. object | 59. a. recognise |
| 60. c. going | 61. b. to fly |
| 62. b. celebrates | 63. c. folk |
| 64. b. responsibility | 65. d. is |
| 66. a. an identity | |
| 67. b. can't have missed | |
| 68. c. had taken | 69. d. cause |
| 70. b. to meet | 71. b. in which |
| 72. a. effective | 73. c. regards |
| 74. d. hearing | 75. c. excitement |
| 76. d. so | 77. c. downloaded |
| 78. a. have been published | |
| 79. b. screen | 80. c. enthusiastic |
| 81. c. is heated | 82. a. routine |
| 83. b. must have forgotten | |
| 84. d. regularly | 85. b. in which |
| 86. d. had been doing | 87. d. conscientious |
| 88. a. had seen | 89. d. a trainee |
| 90. a. to think | 91. a. celebrity |
| 92. a. thrown away | 93. b. must |
| 94. a. had | 95. c. enrolling |
| 96. b. provides | 97. b. launch |
| 98. c. effects | 99. a. bike |
| 100. d. fuels | 101. c. power |
| 102. b. I'll see | 103. a. starts |
| 104. a. many | 105. c. is |
| 106. d. is burnt | 107. c. competition |
| 108. a. attachment | 109. d. shy |
| 110. b. instrument | 111. c. cardboard |
| 112. c. had begun | |
| 113. a. have been translated | |
| 114. c. captured | 115. b. will catch |
| 116. a. I will drink | 117. b. harmful |
| 118. d. knocked | 119. a. profession |
| 120. c. colleagues | 121. a. occurred |
| 122. b. must have | 123. c. might have |
| 124. a. I had been | 125. d. I heard |
| 126. c. would have left | |
| 127. b. recognise | 128. a. specialist |
| 129. d. theories | 130. c. celebrating |
| 131. d. position | 132. c. knew |

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 133. a. had worked | |
| 134. d. had been playing | |
| 135. b. had travelled | 136. b. to pass |
| 137. c. encouraged | 138. b. licence |
| 139. a. conventional | 140. d. screen |
| 141. a. Paperback | 142. d. who |
| 143. b. where | 144. c. because |
| 145. d. although | 146. c. repaired |
| 147. c. sociable | 148. a. fluent |
| 149. d. persuade | 150. b. employees |
| 151. c. provides | 152. c. it |
| 153. d. to go | 154. b. him |
| 155. d. might | 156. a. have to |

* Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly.

1. She's going meet → She's going to meet
2. Inke → leak
3. How many → How much time ...? / How many times ...?
4. find → found
5. sold → liquid
6. team → couple
7. I do more exercise. → I'll do ... / I'm going to do more exercise.
8. was wrote → was written
9. lived → have lived
10. credit → identity
11. melts → boils / water → ice
12. kings → spies
13. went → gone
14. confession → profession
15. saw → I had seen
16. magnet → monuments
17. waste → save
18. wouldn't happen → wouldn't have happened
19. a bread → a loaf of bread
20. chronic → diabetic
21. Had she seen → she had seen
22. last → joined
23. to go → going
24. playwright → playwright
25. boring → bored
26. who's → whose
27. wedding → funeral
28. will use → will be used
29. Despite → Although
31. can → could
32. weather → whether
33. stay → to stay
34. was stingy → was sting
35. university → pharmacy
36. army → government
37. liquids → gases
38. flets → flocks
39. economics → economy
40. economy → economics
41. electric → electrical
42. site → sight
43. draught → drought
44. off → out
45. made → did
46. cure → cure
47. trapped → released
48. a special → specialist
49. sugar → diabetes
50. reason → cause
51. theorist → theory
52. of → for
53. chef → achieve
54. lessons → lectures
55. financial → finance
56. adventurous → adventure
57. Are → Is
58. debating → debate
59. giving → gave
60. had writton → has written
61. will had → will have
62. writing → written
63. starts → started
64. feels → had felt
65. has retold → has been retold
66. has been → is
67. a crime → criminal
68. identity → identify
69. become → became
70. knows → know
71. wrote → written
72. is desiged → was designed
73. innocent → innocence
74. was assign → assigned
75. tools → instruments
76. grew → grow

Reading Comprehension

(a) Read the following passage, then answer the questions.

1. The first paper book was produced in the ninth century.
2. The cost of publishing books will certainly fall as a result of savings on materials, labour, manufacturing and distribution.
3. It will be possible to establish public libraries for e-books.
4. d. happening immediately.
5. d. CD-ROMS

The Book of Gold

1. Lela discovered the gold figure of a llama. Later on, she discovered the gold mask. She played the main part in catching Martin Lander, the thief. She also discovered a new Inca site on the road to Acconayo.
2. She set on the biggest adventure of her life by going away from home to Peru to get into trouble to find these treasures.
3. She agreed to go with Amelia to Acconayo to catch Martin Lander.

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الامتحان ونتيجه

3. She faced Martin Lander in the tomb and didn't hesitate to call him a thief. She went to find help for Amalia in a foreign place, in the mountains. The bravest action was when she drove Martin's truck hard at Lander and then at his plane and prevented him from flying the plane and escaping.
4. She didn't take her degree at Cairo University as she didn't want people to think Dr. Hafez was giving her special treatment. So she did her degree at the Italian Institute of Archaeology. She didn't open the box containing the dating machine and waited until Dr. Hafez did to see how the machine worked.
5. She fulfilled her promise to Samira by sending her e-mails from Peru.
6. Also, she fulfilled her promise to Amalia by catching Martin Lander.
7. She noticed that the pattern of rocks at the hillside near Acomayo was similar to that at the hill of the king near Quenceo.
8. She decided not to leave Amalia after the accident and found help for her although Amalia asked her to save herself. She also decided to do her best to catch Lander for Amalia's sake. Her sense of duty made her go near the cave alone to make sure there was nobody trying to steal something.
9. She decided to go back to the village near Acomayo to thank the people of the village for helping to save Amalia's life.
10. She suspected that Amalia was helping Martin Lander when she saw them sitting at the same table at Café de La plaza.
11. She went into the cave to know who was down there and to see what he was doing. She also logged onto the internet to find out for sure that Lander was lying when he said he was working for United Mining.
12. She felt sorry for Amalia after hearing what Lander had done to her father. She felt bad when she knew that the Incas killed children to please the gods.
13. She told a stranger on the plane information about the project that may have helped him to find the cave and steal treasures.
14. She was the one who discovered the gold lama, the gold mask and the Inca site near Acomayo. She also survived the car crash with Amalia.
15. He was a famous archaeologist at Cairo University.
16. He made a lot of important archaeological digs. He worked in Luxor in the Valley of the Nobles where they excavated the tomb of Senofer.
17. He was in charge of an archaeological project which was a part of the UNESCO exchange programme.
18. He organized his work in Peru by forming two teams under his supervision. He trusted Leila with one of them. He always encouraged the people working with him and made sure they took enough rest. He sometimes invited them for meals at restaurants.
19. When he suspected Pablo, he told him falsely that the police arrested Lander to make him tell the truth.
20. He didn't believe that Amalia could have told Martin anything about the project. He believed that Leila didn't steal the gold rabbit. He was suspicious of Pablo and was able to make him confess.
21. She was a Peruvian archaeologist who worked in the UNESCO project. She worked in the team of which Leila was the leader.
22. She was as brave and tough as an ancient Inca.
23. She was a good archaeologist. She knew a lot about the Inca tombs and did a lot of good works on the excavation.
24. She was jealous of Leila because Dr. Hafez made Leila his main assistant and put her in charge of her team. So she was extremely to Leila.
25. When Leila discovered the gold mask, Amalia felt angry and when she found a gold figure of a rabbit, she put it in Leila's work clothes to put her in trouble.

25. When Leila was put in prison Amalia went to the police and set Leila free by confessing everything to the police.
26. They both put gold and silver objects beside the bodies of their kings.
 - They dressed them in beautiful clothes and put gold masks on their faces.
 - They put gold figures of animals in their tombs.
 - They put food and drink beside them.
27. Every year at important festivals, the Incas mummified kings were put on litters, and taken through the streets.
 - The Incas killed women and servants and buried them with the king.
28. They made an accident. Leila had a cut in her face and, Amalia had one leg broken.
29. His name wasn't Lander.
 - He got involved with some people who were taking Inca objects out of the country.
 - United Mining with which Lander used to work wasn't working in Peru then.
30. There were people who want to dig up old Inca cities and steal the gold.

*** Read the following quotations then answer the questions:**

1. a- Leila said this to Amalia.
b- Because she thought she was working with Lander.
2. a- It was discovered by Leila.
b- Dr. Hafez sent a team to that place. They confirmed it was an Inca site.
3. a- Amalia Guzman.
b- Because she was badly injured and it was a matter of life and death.
4. a- Leila said this to her sister.
b- A new technique developed in Cairo.
5. a- Leila said this to Dr. Hafez.
b- She was chosen to be in charge of one team of archaeologists.
6. a- Dr. Hafez said this to Leila.
b- The Incas killed women and servants and buried them with the king.
7. a- They were seen on the screen of Leila's computer.
b- Because she wanted to know if United Mining was still having operations in Peru.
8. a- Leila said this to Amalia Guzman.
b- Martin Lander.
9. a- Dr. Hafez.
b- To arouse Pablo to confess and talk about his relation with Lander.
10. a- Amalia told Leila these words when they were on the way to Acomayo.
b- Because she believed that she was seriously injured and it might take days before someone found them.

*** Complete the following sentences:**

1. ... he said that they were working along the right lines.
2. ... helped them much in their excavations in Peru.
3. ... one of the local archaeologists working on the excavation.
4. ... excavating the tomb of Senofer in the Valley of Nobles in Egypt.
5. ... they were loyal to the Incas.
6. ... please their gods.
7. ... Leila was Dr. Hafez's assistant and she was in charge of her team.
8. ... she hurried to bring Hafez to see her with Lander.
9. ... he trusted her. He couldn't imagine she would do anything wrong.
10. ... she worked hard and she was a good archaeologist.
11. ... they would be sure if it was a tomb of a king.
12. ... taking a photo of Leila holding the golden lama.
13. ... she saw a light coming from inside the tomb.
14. ... and closing the wooden door.
15. ... the face of the sun.
16. ... she would be blamed for the theft of the gold rabbit and to get her into trouble.

17. ... put the gold rabbit among her clothes so that she might be accused of the theft.
18. ... stealing a gold rabbit.
19. ... she was found innocent after Amalia had confessed that she had put the gold rabbit among Leila's clothes.
20. ... Amalia lost her concentration and the road was broken.

*** Translate into English:**

1. The present circumstances require to avoid entertainment projects which serve a small sector of the society.
2. Increasing production is the only way that helps us solve a lot of our economic problems.
3. Tourism is greatly affected by current events in the world.
4. All peace loving countries aspire to a world in which peace and cooperation prevail.
5. All religions call for peace, mercy and peaceful life.
6. Egypt is the country of safe and safety (security), there is no difference between a Muslim or Christian.
7. The scientists do researches to maximum benefit from the supplies of renewable energy as water, wind and nuclear power.
8. The increase of production becomes a national duty as we can face the problem of over-population and unemployment in Egypt.
9. A lot of powers (regional and international) look at the unity of Egyptian people with a lot of admiration.
10. The case of protecting people from misleading that happen by spreading the false news is still the very important case that related to press career.
11. Allah donates Egypt with a lot of natural sources that if they make a good use of it, it will be on of the most rich countries.
12. The exiting from the narrow valley of the Nile and redesigning the desert are the only hope for better life for the next generations.
13. The Egyptian government has finalized plans to establish a new capital as it's the only solution to Cairo congested streets. A new capital will be home to all government bodies. It's a must to move towards decentralization.
14. The parliament and presidential elections have proved that every citizen in Egypt is free to make his own decision. He can choose the person whom he trusts to represent. We should be very keen to make such democratic experience a success.
15. We must do our best to refresh tourism (make it flourish) again.
16. We must encourage home tourism to restore what happened to foreign tourism.
17. Zewail's City of Science and Technology is Egypt's National Project for scientific renaissance and it is an integrated city of sciences and research.
18. Freedom of expression is allowed but hurting people's feelings is forbidden.
19. Legal immigration is every citizen's right but illegal immigration exposes him to a lot of risks.
20. The issue of education reform is one of the most serious issues facing the Egyptian society as scientific research is one of the pillars of national security.
21. Egypt lost a very important part of its cultural history with the fire that broke out in the Egyptian Scientific Institute.
22. Foot and mouth disease has returned to Egypt's cattle, causing farmers to panic.
23. Education in our schools and universities must be connected to job market requirements.
24. We must be armed with science progress to catch up with developed countries.

25. The coming years will witness a remarkable growth in shopping on the internet (online shopping).
26. A leader should have some qualities such as patience, intelligence, wisdom and justice.
27. We have to encourage local product to create more job opportunities and refresh economy.
28. It's every Egyptians responsibility towards tree and plants as they reduce environmental pollution.
29. Atomic energy is a good source for man if he makes good use of it.

*** Translate into Arabic:**

1. شايانا المنيا في مستقبل مشرق لأن لديهم واجب قومي لبلادهم. يجب أن يشاركوا في حلقة النقاش مع عزو المصراع وهو الأهمية. ويجب تعطيم الحكومة اهتماما بالنا لتلق مواطنين صائين مليونيين لديهم.
2. لقد أصعبت الحكومة اهتمام مصر لسياحة ليس فقط لأنها واحدة من المصادر الرئيسية للدخل القومي والعملة الصعبة ولكن أيضا هي وسيلة مواتر لإستعاء معلومات عن النهضة العنصرية للدولة. كلما أن السياحة في النشل طريقة تحسين الاقتصاد بين الأمم ولها السبب فقد أتتحت الحكومة لتأخير تشجيع السياحة.
3. يمثل من الأعداد الهائلة للتعليم هي بناء مواطن مصري قادر على مواجهة المستقبل وحل مشعب متعب كلما أن التعليم أيضا يهدف إلى إضاد جين من المامع قادر على الوضوء أمام احترام العلم والتكنولوجيا بواسطة بعض الدول لأن هذا سيؤدي إلى التقدم والرخاء.
4. الوحدة الوطنية في مصر والعلاقات الطيبة بين المسلمين والأثافا ليست شعار بل واقعا ملموسا ينعكس في التجربة فريدة من نوعها للشعب والفرقات التي نشكو من حين لأخر طبيعية جدا وقد تلذت داخل الأسرة الواحدة مسافة كالت أو مسيحية.
5. لقد كانت مصر دائما هي أول دولة في حوض النيل تسعى للإستفادة من أطول أنهار العالم لكي تحقق أقصى منفعة للمصريين ولتجربة لذلك فقد وضعت مصر لقصة مستعجلة للإستقلال أن ذلك من البلاد.
6. إن مبدأ القدر للجميع هو المشكله الأساسية في العالم اليوم إذ العالم الباق ليس من العمل أن يكون عالم مساهم وقل عدم الإستقرار الذي ينتشر في إضاد العالم سببه الرئيس هو عدم الرضا من مستوى النهضة المتعلق بالثقاف.
7. كان من الضروري أن نعتي العالم الذي حرلنا فلو أننا دمونا ألبية قدر يستطيع أطفالنا أن يسمعونها بالإتافه لأن التراث الثقافي هو أساس الحضارة.
8. لتصبح قلرا على التقدم ونوظف مختلفه. يجب على الأثراء أن يكونوا مهرة فبما يرمون به من أعمال وأن يتبنوا بتجاهات التي لم يشاؤونهم مستقبلا. وفي ساهم اليوم. يساعده التعليم المتغير على اكتشاف هذه الكفاءات.
9. إن مصر في انتظار جهود الأثام والعملاء وأصل الفكر والإستماع وتطلع إلى التغيير لإعادة الأوجه التنموية للإتافه خطوات فعالة لكي الطمان في حدود الإستطافيات.
10. لقد فخرنا الأقتصاد المصري من سلسلة إجراءات معاملة وإضارفات ميسرية والمهاتبات الأثام والتقدم العاد القوية الصلة المصري.
11. إن إصلاح نظام التعليم أصبح شرة أساسي لمن خلال النظام التنموي الحديث ويعطيان أن أعد أجيل متكافئة من المواطنين المتعاون على الإسهام في تقدم بلادهم والعطف على التراث الثقافي والتقيم الأخلاقية.
12. يعد المهاج المهلك على تصدير الفلز مع اسرارهم حيازا أفضل بكثير من زيادة السعر. لمن العمالة أن تصادر الفلز الطبيعي بأسعار هائلة وتضرم منتجات بترولية أخرى بالأسعار العالمية لتعلم الفلوز في الإستغلاله الطلي.
13. إن جماعات الأثام الأثام ووجدهم كمنصر مهمين داخل وخارج الإسمات فذلك التنموي العنصر والميز وهو الهبة التي يكتفونها في ميديات نظرة التقدم أصبحت تابع للمواطنين لتطبيق الفلوز.
14. مكان تطوير معاديا بتجريبها. متعلم جيدا وبدأ مكافاته في أوقات فراغه وكتب قصص صحيحة للمجلات ولقد كتبها أول قصة في عام 1888. وأشهر قصة في سبعين زلف.
15. تستمد من أخرى على العلة النورية التي نتجت من انتشار الدرر ومع ذلك فإتلافه القوية نتجت ثقافات عمارة فتي يجب أن تقتصر الأثام السنين قبل أن تطرح أماله. كما يحدث في معضات الثقافة النورية كحلوة جيا على صفة الناس وتقلباته البنية.

Model Answers

Translate into English:

- No longer has the government employment become an aim for ambitious youth looking forward to a better future.
- Man is to blame because he has spoilt the balance of nature. This has led to his sufferings and being exposed to problems.
- The Ministry of Environment alone can't get rid of such a drastic terrific heap of rubbish or garbage that leads to destroying the environment.
- We are looking forward to achieving co-operation among all Arab countries in all fields.
- The open universities have provided the opportunity to many students that missed joining the university.
- The natural phenomena such as floods, storms, earthquakes and volcanoes inflict the world with fatal losses in souls and properties.
- We can't compete the foreign commodities without developing our products and achieving efficiency to be at the level of the world products.
- Parents and teachers should encourage children to go to libraries so as to be provided with valuable information.
- Feasts are happy occasions for exchanging presents and congratulations and forgetting hatred and conflicts.
- The Arab Ministers of Foreign Affairs hold a meeting in the Arab League Head quarters and they discussed the deteriorating positions in the occupied Palestine.
- Press plays an important role in forming public awareness and change the civilized behaviour.
- Nowadays employers prefer short-term contracts for newly-hired employees.
- The value of the computer lies in the speed and efficiency with which it works without making any mistakes.
- We should respect the international law which does not discriminate against some nations in favour of others.
- Egypt enjoys a cultural revolution represented in children and youth libraries in towns as well as villages.
- It is not impossible for one to realize his ambitions if he has patience and strong will.
- The educational institution seeks to deepen democratic thought and train the young generation in participation, voicing opinion and constructive criticism.
- The Open University provides distance learning for many citizens of different ages.
- Dr. Aisha Abd El-Rahman is one of the most famous people in Egyptian and Arab Literature. She wrote many books and articles on cultural and religious matters.
- Launching the Egyptian satellites is considered a break-through civilization and a happy national occasion.
- People use the Internet in different (various) and developed purposes at present. We have to keep pace with such development.
- Health is much more important than wealth. Through health you can enjoy happiness and peace of mind.
- We can't achieve sufficiency in food without reclaiming the desert.
- Developing and promoting the child's talents and bringing him up well, help to create a strong generation.
- The government does its best to enable the Egyptian citizen to face the rising cost of living.
- The government makes a great effort to reclaim part of the desert and change it into green fields to provide food and security for every citizen.
- The government encourages local industries so that we can do without a lot of imports which need hard currency.
- Television has a great influence on children. So, it must increase their culture in a simple and interesting way.
- The government is trying to provide the people with what they need in every way. This requires the increase of production and birth control.

- The noise which is caused by modern civilization has a bad effect on our hearing.
- We mustn't disturb patients or students who study their lessons by keeping quiet.
- Doctors have proved that those who don't smoke at all live a longer and healthier life. So, the number of those who smoke has greatly decreased.
- Writers and scientists receive valuable prizes every year in a great ceremony. The president attends it to give them their prizes.
- Interest in education and science has become one of the most important aims that the Arab Republic of Egypt tries to achieve.
- At present, no country can stand in isolation from other countries. No country can produce all the food that it needs.
- We have to learn how to live with other people. Every individual differs from others in many aspects.
- Science has rendered valuable services to humanity. Man has been able to reach the moon after his space conquest.
- The nuclear power is used in the fields of medicine, industry, agriculture and generating electricity.
- Television has become a means of spreading knowledge. Both the old and the young enjoy watching it.
- Increasing production and improving its quality are the only way to achieve an income which helps to raise the standard of living.
- Honesty comes at the top of the salient characteristics of a virtuous man.
- Modern inventions enable us to lead a better and more comfortable life.
- Social justice is the basic condition for peace and stability.
- Giving up bad habits needs a strong will.
- He is fond of listening to music because it expresses human feelings.
- The Egyptian women has got all her rights. She stands on equal footing with men in all fields of life.
- Birth control is the best means of solving the over-population problem in Egypt and people should respond to this call at once.
- Atomic energy is a source of good to man if it is well used.
- Unity among the Arab countries helps to solve their problems. So, the Arabs must unite and forget their disputes.
- The government is trying to relieve the sufferings of people by all means. People must work to increase production.
- The number of population in the world will double in the next century. So, we must search for effective means to increase the production of food to avoid famines.
- Competitions are held among students every year to encourage them to make progress.
- The atomic energy is a double-edged weapon. It is a blessing in time of peace and a disaster in time of war.
- The government has carried out important projects to look after the youth and protect them from deviation.
- We are all citizens not subjects. We are all equal in rights and duties.
- Saving is the most important principle of economy. So we have to teach our children not to be extravagant.
- We can't neglect iron and steel industry because it is the foundation of all heavy industries all over the world.
- In every town there must be a club for young men where they can spend their leisure and practise different activities.
- Neglecting sports and the religious side has led to the deviation of some youth.
- Every year, a book-fair is held in which countries from all over the world take part. This is a rare opportunity to be acquainted with what science has achieved in all fields.
- Tourism is considered one of the most main sources of national income, so every country tries to make the essential propaganda to attract tourists as possible as it can.
- We have to deepen in the souls of our sons the feeling of belonging to their country.

- علينا أن نتعلم كيف نعيش مع غيرنا من الناس ، إن كل فرد يختلف عن الآخرين في عدة نواحي .
- لقد أدى العلم خدمات قيمة للإنسانية . لقد تمكن الإنسان من الوصول إلى القمر بعد غزوه للفضاء .
- تستخدم الطاقة النووية في مجالات الطب والصناعة والزراعة وتوليد الكهرباء .
- لقد أصبح التلفزيون وسيلة لنشر المعرفة ويستمتع بمشاهدته الكبار والصغار على حد سواء .
- إن زيادة الإنتاج وتحسين نوعيته هما الطريق لتحقيق دخل يساعد على رفع مستوى المعيشة .
- تأتي الأمانة في قمة الصفات البارزة لأخلاق الإنسان الفاضل .
- تمكننا الاختراعات الحديثة من أن نحيا حياة أفضل وأكثر راحة .
- إن العدل الاجتماعي هو الشرط الأساسي للسلام والاستقرار لأي مجتمع .
- إن الإنتاج عن العادات السنية يتطلب عزيمة قوية .
- إنه موجه بالاستماع إلى الموسيقى لأنها تعبر عن المشاعر الإنسانية .
- حصلت المرأة المصرية على كل حقوقها وهي تقف على قدم المساواة مع الرجل في كل ميادين الحياة .
- إن تنظيم الضمان هو الضلل وسيلة لحل مشكلة تزايد السكان في مصر ويثني على الشعب أن يستجيب لهذه الدعوة فوراً .
- إن الطاقة الذرية مصدر خير للإنسان إذا أحسن استغلالها .
- إن الوحدة بين الأقطار العربية سوف تساعد على حل مشكلاتها ولذا يجب على العرب أن يتحدوا وينسوا خلافاتهم
- تسمى الحكومة التي تعطي الامتيازات من الشعب بكل السبل ويجب على الشعب أن يعمل لزيادة الإنتاج .
- سيضاعف عدد السكان في العالم في القرن القادم ولذا يجب علينا أن نهتم عن وسائل فعالة لزيادة إنتاج الطعام لكي نتجنب المجاعات .
- تعتقد المسابقات بين الطلاب بكل عام لتشجيعهم على التقدم .
- إن الطاقة الذرية سلاح ذو حدين فهي نعمة في وقت السلم ونقمة في وقت الحرب .
- لقد نفذت الحكومة مشروعات هامة لرعاية الشباب وحمائته من الانحراف .
- كلنا مواطنون لا رعايا وكلنا متساويين في الحقوق والواجبات .
- إن الادخار هو أهم مبادئ الاقتصاد ولذا يجب علينا أن نعلم أولادنا عدم الإسراف .
- لا يمكننا إهمال صناعة الحديد والصلب لأنها أساس الصناعات الثقيلة في كل بلدان العالم .
- يجب أن يكون في كل مدينة نادي للشباب يقضون فيه وقت فراغهم ويمارسون الأنشطة المختلفة .
- إن إهمال الرياضة والجانب الديني قد أدى إلى الانحراف بعض الشباب .
- يقام كل عام معرضاً للكتاب تشارك فيه دول من جميع أنحاء العالم وهذه فرصة نادرة للتعرف على ما حققه العلم في جميع المجالات .
- تعتبر السياحة أحد المصادر الهامة للدخل القومي ولذلك يحاول كل بلد عمل الدعاية اللازمة لجذب أكبر عدد ممكن من السائحين .
- علينا أن نعمل في نفوس أبنائنا الشعور بالانتماء إلى وطنهم .

(٦٢) قطعة ترجمة من اللغة العربية إلى اللغة الإنجليزية على دروس المنهج

١٨. تقوم الجامعة المفتوحة بتوفير التعليم عن بعد لكثير من المواطنين من مختلف الأعمار .
١٩. تعتبر المكتورة عائشة عبد الرحمن من مشاهير الأدب المصري والعربي حيث كتبت العديد من الكتب والمقالات عن موضوعات ثقافية ودينية .
٢٠. يعتبر إطلاق القمر الصناعي المصري نقلة حضارية كبيرة ومناخية قومية سعيدة .
٢١. يستخدم الناس الإنترنت في الوقت الحالي في أغراض شتى ومتطورة وعلينا مواكبة هذا التطور .
٢٢. إن الصعقة أهم بكثير من الثروة فبواسطتها نستطيع أن نضع بالسعادة وراحة البال .
٢٣. لا نستطيع أن نعلق الاكتفاء الذاتي في الغذاء ما لم نضع باستصلاح الصحراء .
٢٤. إن تنمية مواهب الطفل وتنشئته تنشئة السليمة تساعد على بناء جيل قوي .
٢٥. تبدل الحكومة قصارى جهدها لتمكين المواطن المصري من مواجهة ارتفاع نفقات المعيشة .
٢٦. تبدل الحكومة جهدا عظيما لاستصلاح جزءا من الصحراء وتحويله إلى حقول خضراء لتوفير الأمن الغذائي لكل مواطن .
٢٧. تشجع الحكومة الصناعات المحلية حتى تستطيع أن تستغنى عن كثير من الواردات التي تحتاج إلى عملة صعبة .
٢٨. للتفريزون تأثير عظيم على الأطفال ولذا يجب أن يزيد ثقافتهم بطريقة بسيطة وشيقة .
٢٩. تسعى الحكومة إلى توفير احتياجات الشعب بكل السبل وهذا يستلزم زيادة الإنتاج وتنظيم النقل .
٣٠. إن الضوضاء التي تسببها المدينة الحديثة تؤثر تأثيرا سيئا على سمعنا .
٣١. علينا ألا نزعج المرضى أو العالقة الذين يستدحرون دروسهم وذلك بمراعاة الهدوء .
٣٢. لقد أثبت الأطباء أن من لا يدخنون مطلقا يعيشون حياة أطول وأكثر صحة لذا تناقص عدد كثيرا ممن يدخنون .
٣٣. يتسلم الكتاب والعلماء جوائز قيمة ككل عام في حفل كبير يحضره رئيس الجمهورية ليسلم جوائزهم .
٣٤. لقد أصبح الاهتمام بالتعليم والعلوم من أهم الأهداف التي تسعى لتحقيقها جمهورية مصر العربية .
٣٥. في الوقت الحاضر لا تستطيع أي دولة أن تثقف بمهزل عن الدول الأخرى ولا تستطيع دولة أن تنتج كل ما تحتاج إليه من طعام .

* Translate into English:

١. لم تعد الوظيفة الحكومية هدفا يسعى إليه الشباب الطموح المتطلع إلى غد أفضل .
٢. يقع اللوم على الإنسان الذي أفسد التوازن في الطبيعة وأدى ذلك إلى مآلاته وقرضه للمشاكل .
٣. لا تستطيع وزارة البيئة بمفردها التخلص من الكمية الكبيرة من القمامة والخلفات التي تؤدي إلى تدمير البيئة .
٤. تتطلع إلى تحقيق التعاون في كبل المجالات بين جميع الدول العربية .
٥. أتاحت الجامعات المفتوحة الفرصة للعديد من الطلاب الذين فاتتهم فرص الالتحاق بالجامعة .
٦. إن الظواهر الطبيعية كالفيضانات والواصف والزلازل والبراكين تصيب العالم بخسارة فادحة في الأتس والممتلكات .
٧. لا يمكننا منافسة السلع الأجنبية ما لم تطور إنتاجنا ويزيد كفاءته لكي يتكون في مستوى المنتجات العالية .
٨. يجب على الآباء والمعلمين تشجيع الأطفال على الذهاب إلى المكتبات وتزويد أنفسهم بالمعلومات القيمة .
٩. الأعياد مناسبات سعيدة لتبادل الهدايا والتهنئة وتناسي الكراهية والصراعات .
١٠. بحث مجلس وزراء الخارجية العرب المنعقد في ميسن الجامعة العربية الأوضاع المتدهورة في فلسطين .
١١. تلعب الصحافة دورا هاما في تكوين الوعي العام وتغيير السلوك الحضاري .
١٢. يفضل أصحاب العمل هذه الأيام العقود قصيرة الأجل عند تعيين موظفين جدد .
١٣. إن قيمة الكمبيوتر تكمن في السرعة والكفاءة التي يعمل بها بدون ارتكاب أخطاء .
١٤. يجب أن نحترم القانون الدولي الذي لا يتجاز إلى شعوب على حساب شعوب أخرى .
١٥. تنعم مصر بثورة ثقافية تتمثل في مكتبات الأطفال والشباب في المدن والقرى على السواء .
١٦. ليس من المستحيل على المرء أن يحقق طموحاته إذا ما تحلى بالصبر والإرادة القوية .
١٧. تسعى المؤسسة التعليمية إلى تعميق الفكر الديمقراطي وتدريب الأجيال الصاعدة على المشاركة وإبداء الرأي والنقد البناء .

بقية مراجعة ليلة الامتحان في اللغة الإنجليزية.. لثالثة ثانوى «ص٢»