



Hello ! English
Gulliver's Travels

الصف الثاني الثانوي
الفصل الدراسي الثاني

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تليفون : ٠٢٢٥٩١٠٢٥٦



KEY VOCABULARY

Listening

exclude	يستبعد / يستثنى	more or less	تقريباً	disappointed	شخص محبط
type (v) (n)	نوع - يكتب	unpleasant	غير لطيف	e-mail	رسالة بريد إلكتروني
agree	يتفق في الرأي	particular	خاص	discussion	مناقشة
businesses	أعمال	contact	يتصل	pronounce	ينطق
owner	مالك - صاحب	member	عضو - فرد	interest (n)	اهتمام
note (v)	يلاحظ - ملاحظة	the good (n)	الخير	subject	مادة - موضوع
queries	استفسارات	sound (v)(n)	يبدو - صوت	help (v) (n)	يساعد
repeat (v)	يكرر	hard (adv)	بجد	run (v)	يدور - يجري
join	ينضم إلى	remind (v)	يذكر	soft	خفيف - ناعم
polite	مehذب	helpful	خادم / متعاون	benefit (n)(v)	يستفيد / يفيد
follow	يتبع	thanks	شكراً	group	مجموعة - جماعة
tablet	جهاز لوحي	upset	متضايق	brief [adj]	ملخص - مختصر
actually	حقاً	media	وسائل الإعلام	rules	قواعد

Reading

difference	اختلاف	opposite	عكس	instagram	انستجرام
include (v)	يتضمن	no doubt	بلا شك	exactly	بالضبط
rude (adj)	وقح	cassette	شريط تسجيل	public	عام - جمهور
light (adj)	خفيف - فاتح	meeting	اجتماع	cassette player	مشغل شرائط
behave	يتصرف	behave (v)	يتصرف	terrible = awful	فظيح
thunder	رعد	technology	تكنولوجيا	play (v) (n)	يعزف / مسرحية
chat	يدرش	sites	مواقع علي أنت	private	خاص - ملك صاحبه
awful	فظيح	DVD	اسطوانة مدمجة	replace (v)	يستبدل
download	يحمل	especially	خاص	channels	قنوات
message	رسالة	upload	يضع علي أنت	networking	شبكة
text	النص	online	موجود علي أنت	demerits = cons	عيوب
twitter	تويتر	facebook	فيس بوك	virtual	افتراضي - غير حقيقي
social	اجتماعي	disadvantages	بلا شك	researchers	الباحثون
touch	يلمس - يتصل	advantages	مزايا	lose (v)	يخسر
nervous	خائف - عصبي	addicted	معتاد علي	loose	مفكك - واسع
a tape	شريط	irritable	خائف - متوتر	experienced	ذو خبرة
store (v)	يخزن	fizzy drinks	مشروبات غازية	expert	خبير
general	عام	digital	رقمي	thought (v) (n)	فكره - فكر

Grammar

future (adj)	المستقبلي	advertise	يعلن	probably	من المحتمل
the whole	كل (الشئ)	earlier	مبكراً عن	a headache	صداع
ache (n)(v)	الم / يؤلم	break (v)	يخالف - يكسر	test (v)	يختبر
worried	خائف - قلق	pass (v)	يمر من امام	save (v)	يدخر - ينقذ - يوفر
post (s)	وظائف	relaxing	مريح	miss (v)	تفوته وسيلة / يفقد شخص

Critical Thinking

dangers	أخطار	face	يواجه	personal	شخصي
confidence	ثقة	partner	زميل - شريك	express (v)	يعبر عن
intermediate	متوسط	branch	فرع شجرة	rescue (v)(n)	ينقذ - أنقاذ
details	تفاصيل	Belonging to	الانتماء	dirty	قذر
need (n) (v)	يحتاج - احتياج	own (v) (adj)	الخاص بـ	personality	شخصية
less	أقل	effort	مجهود	wire (n)	سلك
methods	وسائل - طرق	traditional	قديم - تقليدي	waves	يلوح / موج
devices	اجهزة	apparatus	معدة - جهاز	stairs	سلالم
ladder	سلم متنقل	the least (adj)	الأقل	hold	يرفع - يمسك
hardly	بصعوبة	consider	يفكر في - يعتبر	sight	منظر

PREPOSITIONS

stored on	يخزن علي	pass on	ينقل	on site	موجود علي أنت
care about	يهتم بـ	refer to	يشير إلي	addict to	يعتاد بشدة (يدمن)
rude to	وقح مع	dangers of	إخطار الـ	is about to	علي وشك أن
spend with	يقضي مع	watch out	احذر	agree with	يتفق في الرأي
start with	يبدأ بـ	sure about	يتأكد من	exclude from	يستبعد من
ask about	يستفسر عن	thanks to	بفضل	share with	يشارك مع
focus on	يركز علي	set for	يبدأ	communicate with	يتواصل مع
the good of	الخير لـ	get up	يستيقظ	see off	يودع
thank for	يشكر علي	on 3rd June	في ٣ يونيو	make up	يكون / يؤلف
remind of	يذكر بـ	ask for	يطلب	look up	يبحث في القاموس
fall off	يسقط	help with	يساعد في	take to	يعتاد بشدة (يدمن)
at the beach	علي الشاطئ	chat to	يحدث	different from	مختلف عن
fall over	تعثر في شيء	lend to	يسلف لـ	disagree with	لا يتفق مع
think about / of	يفكر في	stick to	يلتزم بـ	keep in touch with	كن علي اتصال

Communication Skills

cross (v)	يعبر	towards	نحو / اتجاه	holes	حفر
pavement	رصيف شارع	stairs	سلالم	injured	مصاب
contrast	تناقض	merits	مزايا	hazards	إخطار

GRAMMAR HINTS

keep + صفة	keep calm	يحتفظ / يحفظ / يهدأ
try + to مصدر	try to sell	حاول أن
the same اسم as	the same age as	نفس العمر / مثل
ways of + اسم	ways of communicating	طرق الاتصال
thanks to + اسم	thanks to science	بفضل العلم
make + مفعول صفة	make him happy	يجعله سعيداً
make + مفعول to مصدر بدون	make me feel	يجعلني أشعر
need to مصدر	need to communicate	يحتاج أن يتواصل
remember to + مصدر	remember to meet	يتذكر أن يقابل
remember + مصدر ing	remember meeting	يتذكر أنه قابل
suggest that + فاعل + should	she suggested that Taha should	اقترح أن طه ينبغي أن
hear + مفعول ing مصدر	hear it ringing	سماع في مرحلة واحدة
hear + مفعول to مصدر بدون	hear it ring	سماع من البداية للنهاية
allow + مفعول مصدر	allow us to communicate	تسمح لنا بالاتصال
start + مصدر ing (to مصدر)	start crossing (to cross)	يبدأ في العبور
decide to مصدر	decide to leave	قرر أن يرحل
decide on اسم	decide on his goal	حدد هدفه
decide that + فاعل + مل	we decides that he meets her	قرر أن يقابلها
find it + مفعول to صفة مصدر	find it difficult to do	وجد من الصعب أن يفعل
most of + جمع	most of the students	معظم الطلاب

ABBREVIATION

CD	computer disk	قرص مدمج
IT	information technology	تكنولوجيا المعلومات
PC	personal computer	كمبيوتر شخصي
ID	identification = identity card	بطاقة شخصية / بطاقة هوية
BEC	Before the Common Era	قبل الميلاد
www	world wide web	شبكة المعلومات العالمية

LANGUAGE NOTES

too hot	ساخن للغاية
do well	يؤدي جيداً
have flu	يصاب بالانفلونزا
do badly	يؤدي بسوء
so more	المزيد - أكثر بكثير
feel lonely	يشعر بالوحدة
make sure	تأكد
fall asleep	نائم
many more	أكثر بكثير (عدد)
a little more	أزيد بقليل
much more	أكثر بكثير (كميته)
make noise	يصنع (يحدث) ضوضاء
a light wind	ريح خفيفة
make friends	يكون صداقات (أصدقاء)
go for a swim	يذهب للبحر
ask for advice	يطلب نصيحة
save for a car	وفر لشراء سيارة
mind you don't	احذر لا تفعل
is likely to blow	من المحتمل أن تهب
lose touch with	يفقد الاتصال بـ
text messages	رسائل نصية
follow the rules	يتبع القواعد
break the rules	يخالف / يكسر القواعد
it doesn't matter	لا يهم
change his mind	يغير رأيه
have a headache	يصاب بالصداع
bad / good points	نقاط جيدة / سيئة
missed my friend	أفقد صديقي
keep in touch with	يكون على اتصال بـ
change your mind	تغير رأيك
you must always be	يجب أن تكون دائماً
rely on mobile phone	يعتمد على (الهاتف المحمول)
watch out = be careful	احترس
social networking sites	مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي
thanks for warning me	شكراً على تحذيري
rules for communicating	قواعد الاتصال
sell things to each other	يبيعوا أشياء لبعضهم البعض
warn him to / (not to) do	حذره أن يفعل / لا يفعل
you should always stick to	يجب دائماً أن تلتزم بـ
on mobile / computer / internet	في المحمول / الكمبيوتر / الإنترنت
we meet on the third Thursday of each month	نتقابل في الخميس الثالث من كل شهر

SPECIAL DIFFICULTIES

1	replace	يحل محل	take place	يحدث
- Sugar cane will replace oil. - The story took place in England.				
2	pavement	رصيف شارع	platform	رصيف محطة / منصة
- A beggar used to sit on this pavement . - The train leaves from platform 5.				
3	too	جدا للغاية	very	جدا
- The tea is too hot. I can't drink it. - The tea is very hot, but I can drink it.				
4	full of (adj)	مملوء بـ	fill with (v)	يملأ بـ
- The bottle is full of oil. - He filled the bottle with oil.				
5	On time	في الوقت المحدد (مواظب ودقيق في مواعيده)	in time	ليس متأخراً ولكن مبكر بما فيه الكفاية
- The train arrived at 7.30. It is exactly on time . - Make sure you arrive in time to see the beginning of the film.				

DEFINITION

exclude: stop someone going to a place or taking part in something.

more or less: about, approximately.

rule: an instruction that says what you can and can't do.

stick to: not change what you are doing, or what you have decided to do.

type: write using a keyboard.

unpleasant: describes something that causes unhappiness or discomfort.

cassette player: a machine that plays music on a cassette.

chat: talk in a friendly way.

DVD: a digital video disc that can store enough information to play a film.

video: a tape of a film or television programme.

disadvantages: bad points

downloading: moving information from one computer to another via the internet.

irritable: easily annoyed or angry.

losing touch with: no longer speaking or writing to someone.

virtual: not real, only produced on a computer.

LISTENING

Taha: Hi, Imad. Could I ask your advice about something?

Imad: Sure, how can I help?

Taha: Well, I've just joined an online discussion group and I'm not sure what the rules are.

Imad: What's the subject of the group?

Taha: Birds.

Imad: Actually, it doesn't really matter what the subject is. If you join any discussion group, the rules are more or less the same. Probably the most important rule is that you must always be polite. You can disagree with other people, but you must not be rude or unpleasant to them.

Taha: That's the same as when you're actually with people. If I was with people I didn't know very well, I would never be rude to them.

Imad: Yes, of course. Another rule is that you shouldn't try to advertise or sell things to members of the group.

Taha: That's OK. I've got nothing to sell. If I contact the group, I'll only tell people about birds that I've seen, or ask them questions about birds.

Imad: What else? Remember to type carefully and don't write long messages. What language does the group use?

Taha: It's an international group, so we use English.

Imad: Another thing to remember is that your messages are public, which means that anyone can read them: your family, your friends, even your teacher.

Taha: Oh yes, I hadn't thought about that.

Imad: Yes, you must be careful not to make anyone upset. And another thing: you should always stick to the subject.

Taha: That's OK, I only want to write about birds.

Imad: There's probably a Help page where you can ask other members questions if you aren't sure about anything. And if you write anything that you shouldn't, the owner of the group may email you to remind you about the rules.

Taha: I didn't realise that discussion groups had owners.

Imad: Most of them do. It can be quite an important job if it's a busy group and there are a lot of members. Sometimes they exclude people from the group if they break the rules.

Imad: I'm sure that I won't break any rules. But anyway, thanks a lot, that's really helpful advice.

Taha: That's OK. If I had known that you were joining the discussion group, I would have joined too. I love birds!

Imad: It's not too late. You can join now!



READING

Young people and technology

If you had asked young people 20 years ago how they spent their free time, they would probably have said that they watched television and videos, listened to music on cassette players or spent time with their friends.

If you asked the same question today, the answers would be very different. Although we still watch television, there are many more channels than there

were in the past, and DVDs have replaced videos. We now listen to CDs, but more of us are downloading music and films from the internet. We can listen to or watch these on computers or mobile phones.



Of course, we still spend time with our friends, but more of our conversations with them are by text message or through online social networking sites like Facebook and Twitter. These are becoming more popular as ways of communicating with friends and of making new friends. Some people are spending more time chatting to their virtual friends than to their real friends.

There is no doubt that modern technology allows us to communicate with many more people than we could in the past, but there are disadvantages. Researchers have found that some people are losing touch with their real friends and becoming addicted to their mobile phones, to their computers and to social networking sites. If they cannot use their phones and computers, some people become nervous and irritable. And if more people become addicted to their phones, they will find it hard to make real friends.

CRITICAL THINKING

Q & A

1- Why do you think that modern methods of communication like email and mobile phones have become so popular? In what ways are they better than letters and traditional telephones?

- They are quicker, more immediate and take less effort than letters or phone calls. They are also often cheaper.

2- Do you know people who become nervous or irritable if they cannot use their phones and computers?

- Yes, my brother can't do without يستغنى عن his phone and computer.

3- Do you think that more people will become addicted to mobile phones and computers?

- Yes, I think so.

4- What things do you think people can become addicted to?

- They can become addicted to sugar or fizzy drinks, coffee, playing computer games, etc.

* Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1- Mohammed Salah was from the match because of the injury .
a- excluded b- excluding c- exclusion d- excluder
- 2- If you want to buy from a mall , the prices are the same .
a- more or less b- more or little c- much or a few d- farther or nearer
- 3- All young children and youth must their teacher's valuable advice .
a- avoid b- disobey c- stick to d- proud to
- 4- Home and school must be obeyed.
a- rules b- role c- food d- laws
- 5- If you sit in a stiffy room , it is really a / an feeling .
a- brilliant b- unpleasant c- good d- nice
- 6- We must all our teacher's instructions .
a- backwards b- follow c- neglect d- avoid
- 7- All students must have in life .
a- interested b- interesting c- interests d- neglected
- 8- Salma was very when she heard the news of her failure .
a- disappointment b- disappointed c- disappoint d- disappointing
- 9- of Al-Ahly team are asked to come and share in the elections next Friday .
a- Listeners b- Spectators c- Merchants d- Members
- 10- I tried the station in time but it was too late and the train had left .
a- reaching b- to reach c- reaches d- reach
- 11- of shops are asked to pay a new income tax .
a- Inspectors b- Neighbours c- Owners d- Relatives
- 12- Inspectors wanted the teachers to pay a great attention at classes, to lazy and naughty students.
a- specialize b- especially c- special d- especial
- 13- When you buy bread , you should buy loaves .
a- solid b- soft c- wet d- smashed
- 14- We must all work hard for the of our beloved - country.
a- better b- well c- goods d- good
- 15- You mustn't park your car here . It's my garage .
a- special b- general c- public d- private
- 16- Shadia the singer wasn't seen in months ago .
a- generally b- public c- publication d- publicity
- 17- We spent a holiday in Hurghada last week .
a- relaxation b- relaxed c- relax d- relaxing
- 18- Her sudden disappearance caused a puzzle.
a- realize b- real c- realized d- realization
- 19- Many people nowadays songs and films from the internet .
a- put b- upload c- download d- steal
- 20- situations , can help in treating a person with a phobia .
a- Contemplative b- Virtual c- Fictional d- Detective

21- He made us early as we had urgent matters .

- a- left b- leave c- leaving d- leaves

22- There are many ways of naughty students .

- a- treat b- treating c- treats d- treated

23- We can communicate our friends in many countries by using facebook and twitter .

- a- at b- to c- with d- by

24- Some people become because of work load .

- a- relaxed b- irritable c- happy d- glad

25- cameras are used widely these days .

- a- Flexible b- Classical c- Digital d- Stolen

* Find the mistake and correct it:

A- 1- I saw a frightened face in the darkness.

2- I've made so many activities since I came here.

3- I always remember taking my pills before going to bed.

4- I am in my mobile now as I'm having an important call.

1- 2- 3- 4-

B- 1- Egyptian students need being independent students.

2- I lost smell with my friends when I got lost in the desert.

3- Builders are working day and night in their laboratories for the sake of humanity.

4- I always become so happy when there is a mess in my room caused by little Tony.

1- 2- 3- 4-

C- 1- I often ask my uncle for his advise.

2- I'd like having some hot drink to keep warm.

3- New ways of teaching overcame the tradition ones.

4- I warned my friend Osama about the dangerous of playing in the street.

1- 2- 3- 4-

D- 1- It is like to rain, I can see some clouds.

2- I did good in the exam, I missed no question.

3- When I am lonely at home, I can do many useful things.

4- I found that Mr. Samy a flexibility manager as he listened to our complaints very well.

1- 2- 3- 4-

E- 1- I tried meeting him but there was no answer from him.

2- I was let to have my time in doing my survey.

3- You always must be calm in difficult situations.

4- Care about my duties, is an urgent matter for me.

1- 2- 3- 4-

F- 1- Young children are addiction to playing video games.

2- The cassette playing is now something from the past.

3- You must have a wife in class to do the exercise in pairs.

4- I want you to buy five bottles of milk, if you can't find, at last get one.

1- 2- 3- 4-



* Translate into Arabic:

- 1- What would the world be like if the social networking sites were not invented?
.....
- 2- Modern methods of communication have great effects on all fields of our daily life.
.....
- 3- Be careful about putting your personal details online because they might be seen by anyone.
.....
- 4- 'That's wrong, father' is the sentence, I usually hear from my son say to me in front of the computer.
.....

* Translate into English:

١- قد لا تتفق مع الآخرين لكن لا تكن وفحاً معهم.

٢- لو فكرت أن تقوم بجولة فأي أنواع الأماكن سوف تزورها؟

٣- لقد أفسدت مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي فيسبوك الخصوصية.

٤- إن السياحة ليست فقط مصدراً للدخل القومي ولكنها ترفع مستوى معيشة من يعملون في هذا القطاع.

remains	آثار	sector	قطاع	methods	طرق
lifestyle	أسلوب حياة	privacy	خصوصية	fields	مجالات
details	تفاصيل	spoil	يفسد	deteriorate	يتدهور

5- Read the following passage , then answer the questions :-

Wood has been the traditional source of fuel for heating and cooking for thousands of years. Indeed, in many ways, wood is an ideal: cheap, or even free, renewable, and giving out great heat. In many parts of the world, wood remains the most used fuel (in Tanzania, for example 96% of fuel is wood). But in some parts of the world, because of the growth of the population, trees have been cut down more quickly than the rate at which new ones can grow. Women have sometimes to spend many hours a day walking great distances to gather a few sticks. In such areas there is no electricity, of course, and kerosene is too expensive. One solution is the solar cooker consists of a bowl – shaped reflector made of metal, or of wood lined with aluminium foil. Also, a more powerful cooker that cooks food by focusing the sun rays on a hot plate on which food can be cooked.

- 1- Which things make wood the best fuel?
- 2- What are the disadvantages of using wood in heating and cooking?
- 3- How does the growth of population affect the use of wood as a fuel?
- 4- Why do people have to depend on "solar power" as a fuel in some parts of the world?
- 5- "gather" means
- a- take b- collect c- buy d- make
- 6- "ones" refers to
- a- some b- population c- Tanzania d- trees

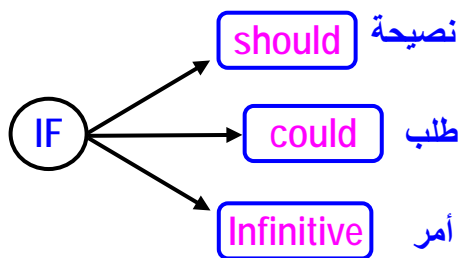
GRAMMAR

IF

0- (IF) Present simple → Present simple (True actions) [If = when]

* Air rises if it is heated.

1- (IF) Present simple → will – may - can + inf. possible actions



- You will get a good job if you pass your tests.
- If you don't understand the lesson, you should ask your teacher.
- If there is a doctor on the train, could he come?
- If you go to the kitchen, bring me a knife.

2- (IF) Past simple → would + inf. probable actions

* I would build a palace if I had a lot of money.

3- (IF) Past Perfect → would have + P.P. probable actions

* If she had sent me a present, I would have thanked her.

** ----- ** ----- **

(to + مصدر) الماضي البسيط يصبح (IF = Were) الحالة الثانية

- If she were a man, I would hit her.
- Were she a man, I would hit her
- If he travelled abroad, he would gain experience.
- Were he to travel, he would gain experience.

(مصدر بدون to) بعد الاستبدال (IF = Should) الحالة الأولى والثانية

- If he studies hard, he will get high marks.
- Should he study hard, he will get high marks.

الحالة الثانية (كفعل أصلي) والثالثة **IF = Had** أن تتبع if بـ had

- If he **had** much time, he would visit his uncle.
- Had he much time, he would visit his uncle.
- If he **had** wasted his time, he would have been sorry.
- Had he wasted his time, he would have been sorry.

لولا **IF not = Unless**

الحالة الأولى unless = if -- don't / doesn't
 الحالة الثانية unless = if -- didn't
 الحالة الثالثة unless = if -- not

- If he doesn't come, I will blame him.
- Unless he **comes**, I will blame him.
- If he didn't come, I would blame him.
- Unless he **came**, I would blame him.
- If he hadn't come, I would have blamed him.
- Unless he **had come**, I would have blamed him.

في حالة **IF = in case of** + مصدر ing

- If they play hard, they will win the match.
- In case of **playing hard**, they will win the match.

Without / But for = If it were not for الحالة الثانية
 Without / But for = If it hadn't been for الحالة الثالثة

- Without oxygen, we couldn't live.
- If it **were not for** oxygen, we couldn't live.
- Without blood banks, many people would have died.
- If it **hadn't been for** blood banks, many people would have died

بشرط أن **IF = provided (that)**

- You can look at the sun provided (that) you **wear** protective glasses.
- If you **wear** protective glasses, you can look at the sun.

* Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1-..... visiting her, I will congratulate her.

- a- If b- Unless c- In case of d- In case

2- If we had started earlier, we on time.

- a- would meet b- would have met c- had met d- have been met

3- Unless you pay the money, you the ticket.

- a- will get b- won't get c- wouldn't get d- would get

4- she my wife, I'd buy her some flowers.

- a- Were b- If c- Had d- Unless

5- Had he a flat, he

- a- will marry b- would marry c- would have married d- will have married

6- studied hard, he wouldn't have got high marks.

- a- If b- Had c- Unless d- Hadn't

7- she enough money, she'd buy the ring.

- a- Were b- If c- Had d- Unless

8- I'm going now you want me to stay.

- a- because b- if c- unless d- as long as

9- You can borrow my car you drive carefully.

- a- unless b- without c- but for d- as long as

10- I would have bought this car unless I in trouble.

- a- had been b- have been c- were d- am

11- If you short, you would have been a good basketball player.

- a- had been b- hadn't been c- were d- wouldn't have been

12- If he read her letter, he..... her.

- a- will forgive b- would forgive c- forgave d- would have forgiven

13- If water freezes, it into ice.

- a- would turn b- turn c- turns d- would have turned

14- She didn't eat anything.....she wasn't hungry.

- a- if b- because c- so d- as long as

15- I would have sent you a postcard if I..... your address.

- a- had b- have had c- had been d- had had

16- If the woman hadn't phoned her brother, the ill passenger wouldn't the operation.

- a- have had b- have done c- have carried out d- have performed

17- If you don't put the tennis balls in the tank first, you won't put them in the tank later.

- a- can b- manage c- be able to d- be capable of

18- You..... able to climb so quickly if you take oxygen with you.

- a- won't be b- wouldn't be c- will have been d- wouldn't have been

19- If people too much about unimportant things, their lives 'd be meaningless.

- a- had cared b- care c- cared d- cares

20- If you hadn't taken those photos, you your holiday.

- a- remember b- won't remember c- wouldn't remember d- wouldn't have remembered



21- If his friend..... to go with him, he would go alone.

- a- doesn't want b- won't want c- wasn't wanting d- didn't want

22- If the tree falls down, it the road.

- a- blocked b- 'd block c- will block d- would have blocked

23- If I time, I would listen to music.

- a- had b- have had c- had had d- have

24- If she had seen the criminal, she the crime.

- a- reports b- will report c- would report d- would have reported

25- If water is heated, it

- a- will boil b- would boil c- boils d- boiled

* Find the mistake and correct it:

A- 1- If I am you, I would work hard.

2- If he cut the tree, he will have more space.

3- Should he lent me money, I would repay him.

4- You can't drive a car if you have a driving licence.

1- 2- 3- 4-

B- 1- Were she treated him well, he wouldn't desert her.

2- You didn't win the prize if you didn't follow my advice.

3- Had our team play well, we would have won the cup.

4- If the exam was difficult, we'll answer all the questions.

1- 2- 3- 4-

C- 1- Without he had a lot of money, he couldn't live in a palace.

2- Your health won't get better unless you don't give up smoking.

3- If I find money at school, I would take t to one of the teachers.

(It is not probable that I will find money.) (TG: 235)

4- If I find money at school, I would take it to one of the teachers.

(Someone has lost money, so I might find it) (TG: 235)

1- 2- 3- 4-

D- 1- If I feels thirsty, I drink water.

2- If I felt tired, I usually go to bed early.

3- If you do your best, no one can praise you.

4- If people live on the moon, they would be tired and bored.

1- 2- 3- 4-

E- 1- I'll tell you if I heard from Hassan.

2- If it hadn't been so hot, we would have playing tennis.

3- If we didn't run fast, we wouldn't have caught the train.

4- If I don't find my keys, I wouldn't be able to get into my car.

1- 2- 3- 4-

F- 1- If the film hadn't been funny, I wouldn't laugh.

2- Were she concentrated on her exam, she wouldn't fail.

3- Unless she hadn't helped him, he would have blamed her.

4- There would have been an accident if you haven't seen the cyclist in time.

1- 2- 3- 4-

SB WB TG

* Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1- A DVD is something you
a- listen to b- watch c- wear d- play with
- 2- If you are addicted to something, you
a- don't like doing it b- have always done it c- can't stop doing it d- want to try it
- 3- If you chat with someone, you
a- talk to them b- eat with them c- live with them d- make them sad
- 4- The disadvantages of something are its
a- good points b- interesting points c- things you don't know d- bad points
- 5- People download pictures and music from
a- a shop b- the internet c- a camera d- their friends
- 6- People used to listen to music on
a- emails b- cassette players c- channels d- text messages
- 7- An irritable person
a- is always patient b- gets annoyed easily c- is always calm d- is good at sport
- 8- If you lose touch with someone, you
a- don't speak or write to them b- forget about them
c- are in regular contact with them d- don't know them
- 9- PC is short for computer .
a- personal b- person c- personality d- personnel
- 10- www is short for world web .
a- width b- widen c- wide d- widely
- 11- If we late , we would have seen the tennis match .
a- aren't b- weren't c- hadn't had d- hadn't been
- 12- I feel tired , I go to bed early .
a- When b- Without c- In case of d- unless
- 13- If I ill , I stay at home .
a- feel b- feels c- felt d- had felt
- 14- If I had felt ill yesterday , I stayed at home .
a- can b- may c- would d- would have
- 15- If I had known that you were joining the discussion group , I would , too.
a- be joined b- be joining c- have been joining d- have joined
- 16- you lend me your DVD, I will bring it back tomorrow.
a- When b- If c- Unless d- In case of
- 17- If Magdi enough money , he would buy a new mobile phone .
a- has b- had been c- had d- had had
- 18- If Nihal watches frightening films , she at night .
a- does not sleep b- will not sleep c- would not sleep d- will be sleeping
- 19- You wil do well in your exam if you hard .
a- may work b- can't work c- will work d- work
- 20- I my phone if I had heard it ringing .
a- would answer b- might answer c- could answer d- might have answered



21- What do if you saw a snake ?

- a- will you b- you will c- would you d- you would

22- What you drink if you are very thirsty ?

- a- do b- did c- would d- could

23- More or less means

- a- exactly b- definitely c- specifically d- approximately

24- You can disagree other people .

- a- by b- with c- for d- at

25- Remember carefully and don't write long messages .

- a- type b- typing c- to type d- typed

* Find the mistake and correct it:

- A-** 1- I would come home earlier if I'd known you were worried.
2- If you work hard for the next week, I'm sure you'd pass your exam.
3- If I have a headache, I'd drink a cup of tea. It always makes me feel better.
4- If Imad knew his friend had no money with him today, he'd have bought him some lunch.

1- 2- 3- 4-

- B-** 1- Nawal will be at school tomorrow if she felt better.
2- If it isn't too hot next week, I would go to the beach.
3- Nawal always helps her mother if she had too much to do.
4- If I hadn't arrived at school on time this morning, I would explain why I was late.

1- 2- 3- 4-

- C-** 1- People shouldn't make too much noise in private places.
2- Children should always be rude to other people, especially older people.
3- At the meeting, they decided to buy the factory to a company from Cairo.
4- The weather was very unpleasant yesterday. There was a light wind and it wasn't too hot.

1- 2- 3- 4-

- D-** 1- Terrible and awful have exactly the same meaning.
2- Schools sometimes include pupils who behave very badly.
3- This pavement is full of holes, so mend you don't fall over.
4- Twenty yeas ago, people watched television and cassette. (TG: 259)

1- 2- 3- 4-

- E-** 1- ID is short for idea.
2- CD is short for impact disc.
3- IT is short for intelligence technology.
4- BCE is short for before the common area.

1- 2- 3- 4-

- F-** 1- CDs have replaced videos.
2- People are losing sight with their real friends.
3- Although we still watch television, there are many more downloads. (TG: 259)
4- People are spending more time chatting to their irritable friends than their real friends.

1- 2- 3- 4-

FOCUS ON FUNCTIONS

GIVING WARNINGS

Be careful!

Don't do that or ...

If I were you, I wouldn't ...

Make sure you are not ...

Mind you don't ...

Watch out!

* Write what you would say in each of the following situations: -

1- Your young brother is playing with matches . Warn him so as not to get burnt .

2- Your friend doesn't study his lessons day by day . Warn him not to pile up **يراكم** his lessons .

3- Your friend plays computer games for too long. Warn him that it gives him headache.

4- A friend asks you about someone who wants to engage his sister and you know that this person is dishonest. Warn him.

5- It's getting cold and your younger brother doesn't want to sleep with a blanket. Warn him.

* Write what you would say in each of the following situations: -

WB 88

1- Your uncle is driving you home. It's late at night and he's very tired. Suddenly a man starts to cross the road in front of the car.

2- You and a friend are playing tennis. Your friend is talking on the phone while he/she is playing and you think he/she may drop the phone and break it.

3- One of your friends is climbing a tree to rescue a bird that is injured. You think that the part of the tree which your friend is standing on is going to break.

* Write what you would say in each of the following situations: -

SB: 95

1- Warn your partner that the water might be very hot.

2- You don't want to swim. Warn your partner that the waves are very big today.

3- Warn your partner about some of the problems and dangers he / she may face in the desert. Tell him / her what to do and what not to do.





A- Language Functions

1- Finish the following dialogue:

Tarek : You should call Samir . He is angry with you.

Amin : (1)..... ?

Tarek : He said that you haven't talked to him for 2 weeks .

Amin : (2).....

Tarek : We all know that you were busy looking for a job . But that doesn't mean you forget your friend.

Amin : (3).....

Tarek : We are friends and your problem is ours.

Amin : Thanks . But I think that is not the cause of his anger.

Tarek : (4).....

Amin : The last time I met him ! Ah,yes . I was busy talking to my new employer.

Tarek : (5)..... ?

Amin : That's a good idea . But don't be angry with me if I spend a long time talking to him.

2- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1- You warn your friend who eats too much red meat.

2- Your friend wants to escape from school. Warn him.

3- Your classmate has been absent for many weeks. Warn him.

4- You warn your friend who has taken medicine to stay up late.

B- Vocabulary and Structures

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- DVD is short for Video Disc .

a- Data b- Digital c- Digestion d- Desk

2- Watch ! A car is coming .

a- for b- in c- at d- out

3- Muslims and Christians to their Egyptian identity .

a- stick b- sake c- stake d- stock

4- After repairing his computer , he his notes .

a- topped b- tipped c- typed d- topped

5- Amin is close to my heart . We spend hours on mobile phone .

a- chitting b- chatting c- Chad d- cheating

6- Being alone for a long time , he become addicted social networking sites .

a- in b- for c- at d- to

7- He used to Tamer Hosney's albums from the internet .

a- upload b- overload c- download d- inload

8- The whole story wasn't true and he made it

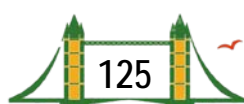
a- for b- out c- up for d- up

9- he understand the story if he read the summary?

a- Will b- Did c- Would d- Can

10- The sea will be polluted we stop dumping oil and rubbish into it.

a- as long as b- if c- so that d- unless



11- *The Red Sea resorts will be popular they remain unpolluted.*

- a- if not b- provided that c- so as d- unless

12- *If we don't go now, we catch the bus.*

- a- won't b- wouldn't c- didn't d- couldn't

13- *What if it rained next June?*

- a- will you do b- may you do c- can you do d- would you do

14- *.....fire, leave the building as quickly as possible.*

- a- In case b- But for c- If d- In case of

15- *If she hadn't learned how to type, she so many books.*

- a- would have written b- wouldn't have written c- would write d- will write

16- *If water freezes, it into ice.*

- a- will turn b- turns c- would turn d- turned

4- Find and correct the mistake in the following sentences:

- 1- What will you do if you were a millionaire?
- 2- People will respect you if you follow the roles.
- 3- We meet in the third Thursday of each month.
- 4- Without my advice, he will have lost all his money.
- 5- Unless he doesn't have a car, he won't accept that job.
- 6- She stopped meeting him because he was pleasant to her.

C- Reading comprehension

5- Read the following passage , then answer the questions :

Ruth Becker was twelve years old in March 1912 when she travelled from India to England with her little brother, Richard, aged one, her sister, Marion, aged four, and their mother. They were on their way home to the USA. After travelling by boat through the Suez Canal and across the Mediterranean Sea, they arrived in England. They planned to cross the Atlantic Ocean to the USA in a famous new ship, the Titanic.

The Titanic was the biggest and most modern ship in the world, and this was its first voyage. It was as long as three football fields and eleven storeys high. The newspapers said the Titanic was like a palace. They also said it could not sink.

When the Titanic left England, the weather was good. For the first four days, the passengers enjoyed life on the ship. Then, on Sunday, April 14, the weather turned cold. The northern part of the Atlantic is near the Arctic Circle, so there were icebergs in the water. At 11.40 p.m. a look out saw a big iceberg 500 metres ahead. An officer tried to turn the ship, but it was going too fast, and the Titanic hit the iceberg.

At first, nobody was worried. Just after midnight, Ruth and her mother woke up. There was a strange silence because the ship's engines had stopped. Ruth's mother got up and spoke to a steward outside her cabin. He said, "Don't worry. It's only a small problem. She went back to bed, but sometime later a steward knocked on their door and said, "Put your life jackets on and go up to the lifeboat deck." Do we have time to dress? She asked. "No, Madam, you have time for nothing. The ship is sinking ", the steward said.

- 1- Where did Ruth and her family get on the Titanic?
- 2- What caused the Titanic to sink?
- 3- Find the words in the passage that men
 - a- someone whose duty is to watch carefully
 - b- a man who serves food and drinks on a plane or ship.
- 4- How do you think that the passengers enjoyed life on the ship before it sank?
- 5- Ruth Becker was
 - a- Indian
 - b- American
 - c- English
 - d- French
- 6- The Titanic before March 1912.
 - a- didn't make a voyage
 - b- wasn't built
 - c- wasn't in the newspaper
 - d- made one voyage only

6- Answer only THREE (3) of the following questions:

- 1- What do you think of making friends on social networking sites?
- 2- Do you believe all about your friends on social networking sites? Why?
- 3- Do you think it is easy to find a real friend on social networking sites? Why?
- 4- Do you think you can do without *يستغني عن* modern methods of communication? Why (not)?
- 5- What do you think the difference between modern methods of communication and traditional ones?

D-The Novel

7- Answer the following questions :

- 1- What kind of bird picked Gulliver up into the sky?
- 2- Where did Gulliver think the bird would drop him onto?
- 3- Why did the servant leave Gulliver's box at the beach? Two reasons.
- 4- Glumdalclitch didn't take Gulliver to the beach. Whom did she ask to take Gulliver there?
- 5- How do you think Gulliver could have left Brobdingnag if he hadn't been taken by the huge sea bird?

"What, they're smaller than you?"

- 6- What was the listener's opinion of weapons?
- 7- What did the speaker talk about?
- 8- How did the speaker say this sentence?

E-Writing

8- Write a paragraph about ONE HUNDRED (100) words on only one (1) of the following:

- 1- Keeping up with modern technology is difficult.
- 2- What was impossible yesterday is possible today.

F- Translation

9- A) Translate into Arabic: (3 marks)

- 1- "Man has achieved a breakthrough in the field of science.
- 2- Education is a process by which people acquire knowledge, skills, habits and values.

B) Translate ONE (1) sentence only into English:

- ١- يعتبر استخدام الطاقة المتجددة والغاز الطبيعي أحد حلول مشكلة التلوث.
- ٢- إن زراعة الصحراء وبناء المدن الجديدة تحل الكثير من المشكلات الاقتصادية والاجتماعية.

breakthrough	نجاح	renewable energy	الطاقة المتجددة
process	عملية	natural gas	الغاز الطبيعي
values	قيم	social problems	مشكلات اجتماعية